The isomorphism problem for Moufang sets of type $^{1}D_{4}$

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03/05/06
EIDMA SEMINAR COMBINATORIAL THEORY

Moufang sets are a certain class of doubly transitive permutation groups, which are very easy to define. They were introduced by Jacques Tits as a tool to understand absolutely simple algebraic groups of relative rank one.

We are particularly interested in the special unitary groups $SU_{4}(Q, f)$ where $Q$ is a quaternion division algebra and $f$ is a non-degenerate skew-hermitian form with trivial discriminant and of index 1 (relative to the standard involution of $Q$). These groups are the groups of type $^{1}D_{4}$. We will explain on an algebraic level why the pair $(Q, f)$ cannot be uniquely recovered from the group $SU_{4}(Q, f)$, but only up to triples, and we explain the algebraic connection between these three skew-hermitian forms.