# Optimization (2MMD10/2DME20), Final week

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Exam (2MMD10 and 2DME20): Friday, October 30, 09:00–12:00

Second chance exam:

January 27 (2MMD10) and April 8 (2DME20)

- The exam consists of 8 questions
- English okay; Dutch okay
- Write clearly!
- Start every question on a new page

Typical types of exam questions:

- Formulate a result or definition presented in the course. Formulate a result or definition from the reading homework.
- Show a proof (or proof piece) presented in the course. Show a proof (or proof piece) from the reading homework.
- Construct a solution by applying a known theorem.
- Apply a known theorem to a concrete scenario.
- Decide whether some simple statement is true. (Show argument!)
- Provide a proof for a new statement.

Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \to \mathbb{R}^+$  be a convex function. Does this imply that the function xf(x) is convex on  $\mathbb{R}^+$ ?

Typical student answers:

Yes!		
No!		
Yes and No.		
Yes or No.		

Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \to \mathbb{R}^+$  be a convex function. Does this imply that the function xf(x) is convex on  $\mathbb{R}^+$ ?

Typical student answers:

Yes. A theorem from the course says that the product of two convex functions is again convex. As f(x) is convex and g(x) = x is linear, f(x)g(x) = xf(x) is also convex.

Yes. The first derivative of xf(x) is f(x) + xf'(x). The second derivative of xf(x) is 2f'(x) + xf''(x).

No. The first derivative of xf(x) is f(x) + xf'(x). The second derivative of xf(x) is 2f'(x) + xf''(x).

## Problem 1a

Decide whether the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2_+ \to \mathbb{R}$  with  $f(x, y) = (x - y)^2/(2x + y)$  is convex.

An instance of the EXACT-PATH problem consists of an undirected graph G = (V, E) together with a weight function  $w : E \to \mathbb{Z}$ , two vertices  $s, t \in V$ , and a value  $U \in \mathbb{Z}$ . The question is whether the graph contains a simple path from s to t so that the sum of edge weights along the path equals U.

(a) Prove that EXACT-PATH lies in NP.

(b) Prove that EXACT-PATH is NP-hard.

Give the Lagrangian, Lagrange dual function, and Lagrange dual of the problem  $\min\{\sum_{i=1}^{3} x_i \log(x_i)\} | x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1, x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \le 2\}$ . Is this problem convex?