## Assignment 3

We consider a production system which combines make-to-order and make-to-stock (see figure 1). There are two types of products, standard and non-standard products. When there are no orders, the production resource (e.g., machine or worker) is used to produce standard products until the stock reaches a a certain maximum level, $M$ say. A customer asking for a standard product receives it directly (if possible) from stock. If the stock is empty the customer order joins the queue. Non-standard, customer specific products are never delivered from stock, but always produced to order. Orders for standard products arrive according to a Poisson process with rate $\lambda_{1}$, the arrival of customer specific orders is Poisson as well with rate $\lambda_{2}$. Orders require one product at a time. The production times for both types of products are exponential with the same mean $1 / \mu$. Production to stock is preempted by production to order.


Figure 1: Production sytem combining make-to-order and make-to-stock
a. For which values of the parameters $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \mu$ and $M$ is the system stable?
b. Describe this system as a continuous time Markov process, and determine, for various values of the parameters, the equilibrium distribution as well as performance characteristics such as,

- the mean production lead time of standard and non-standard orders;
- the mean stock level;
- fraction of standard orders directly satisfied from stock.

In particular, show how these performance characteristics depend on the maximal stock level $M$.
c. Also compute, for various values of the parameters, the minimal value of $M$ required to achieve $80 \%$ (resp. $90 \%$ ) of the reduction of the mean production lead time of standard and non-standard orders, respectively, that is possible by production to stock.

