

## 2IF25 Formal Methods

Written examination January 19, 2010: workout of assignment 2

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$\vdash (\exists xP(x)) \vee (\exists xQ(x)) \Rightarrow \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
*TERM*  $y_0 : nil$

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$(\Rightarrow R)$   
 $\exists xP(x) \vee \exists xQ(x) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
*TERM*  $y_0 : nil$

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$(\vee L), (\exists R), (\exists R)$   
 $\exists xP(x) \vdash P(y_0) \vee Q(y_0), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
 $\exists xQ(x) \vdash P(y_0) \vee Q(y_0), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
*TERM*  $y_0 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$

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$(\exists L), (\vee R); (\exists L), (\vee R)$   
 $P(y_1) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
 $Q(y_2) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
*TERM*  $y_0 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x)); y_1 : nil; y_2 : nil$

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$(\exists R); (\exists R)$   
 $P(y_1) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), P(y_1) \vee Q(y_1), P(y_2) \vee Q(y_2), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
 $Q(y_2) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), P(y_1) \vee Q(y_1), P(y_2) \vee Q(y_2), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$   
*TERM*  $y_0 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x)); y_1 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x)); y_2 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$

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$(\vee R), (\vee R); (\vee R), (\vee R)$   
 $P(y_1) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), P(y_1), Q(y_1), P(y_2), Q(y_2), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$  axiom  
 $Q(y_2) \vdash P(y_0), Q(y_0), P(y_1), Q(y_1), P(y_2), Q(y_2), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$  axiom  
*TERM*  $y_0 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x)); y_1 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x)); y_2 : \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$

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Omitting superfluous substitutions from the above yields the following proof tree.

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{P(y_1) \vdash P(y_1), Q(y_1), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))}{P(y_1) \vdash P(y_1) \vee Q(y_1), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))} (\vee R)}{\frac{P(y_1) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))}{\exists xP(x) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))} (\exists L)} (\exists R)}{\frac{Q(y_2) \vdash P(y_1), Q(y_1), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))}{Q(y_2) \vdash P(y_1) \vee Q(y_1), \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))} (\vee R)}{\frac{Q(y_2) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))}{\exists xP(x) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))} (\exists L)} (\exists R)} (\vee L)}{\frac{(\exists xP(x)) \vee (\exists xQ(x)) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))}{\vdash (\exists xP(x)) \vee (\exists xQ(x)) \Rightarrow \exists x(P(x) \vee Q(x))} (\Rightarrow R)}$$

**part b)** Consider the structure  $\mathcal{M}$  with domain  $\{y_0, y_1\}$  and interpretation function  $I$  given by

$$I(P)(y_0) = \text{false}, \quad I(Q)(y_0) = \text{false}, \quad I(P)(y_1) = \text{true}, \quad I(Q)(y_1) = \text{true}$$

Then we have  $\mathcal{M} \models \exists x P(x)$ ,  $\mathcal{M} \models \exists x Q(x)$  but  $\mathcal{M} \not\models \exists x (P(x) \vee Q(x))$ .