

Reusing Alignments

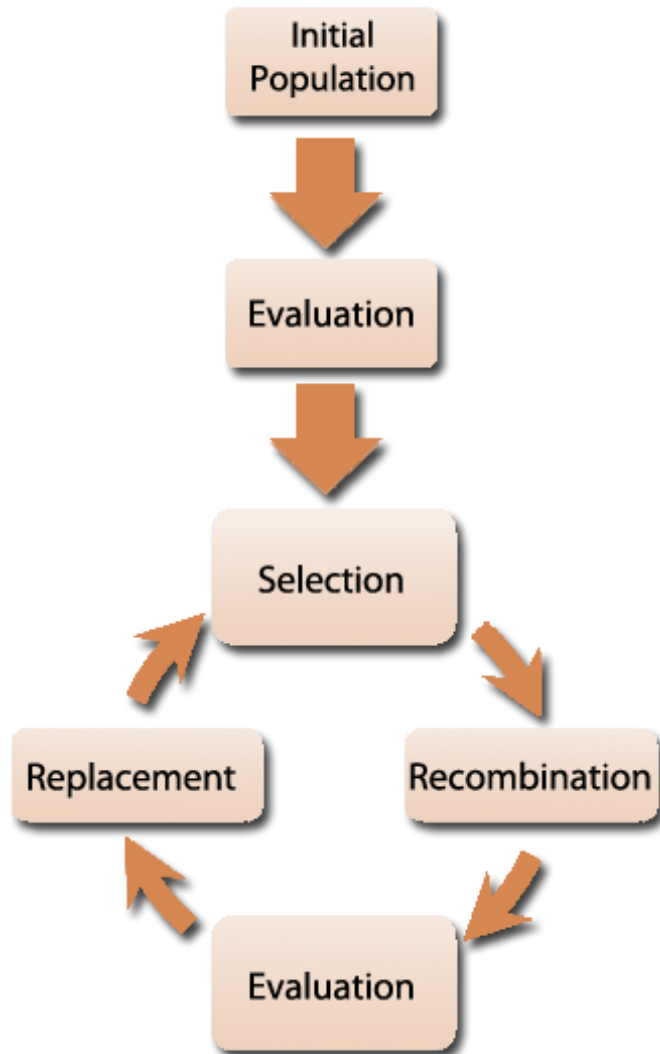
Borja Vázquez- Barreiros
Sebastiaan van Zelst
Joos Buijs

TU / **e**

Technische Universiteit
Eindhoven
University of Technology

Where innovation starts

Motivation



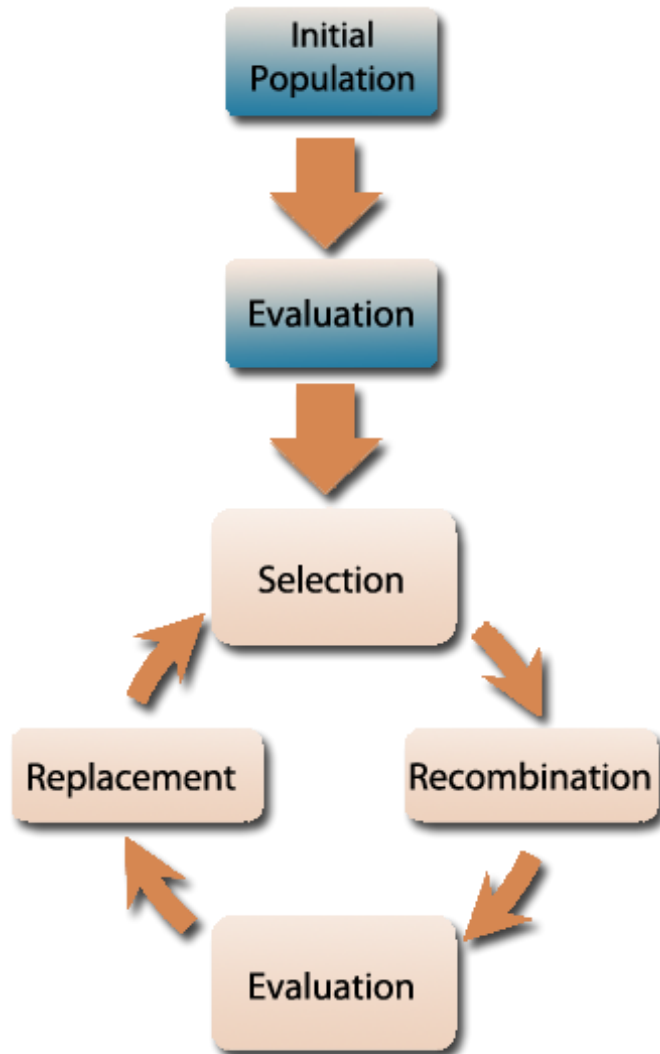
Evolutionary Tree Miner

- **Population:** set of process trees
- **The population evolves until obtain an optimal solution**

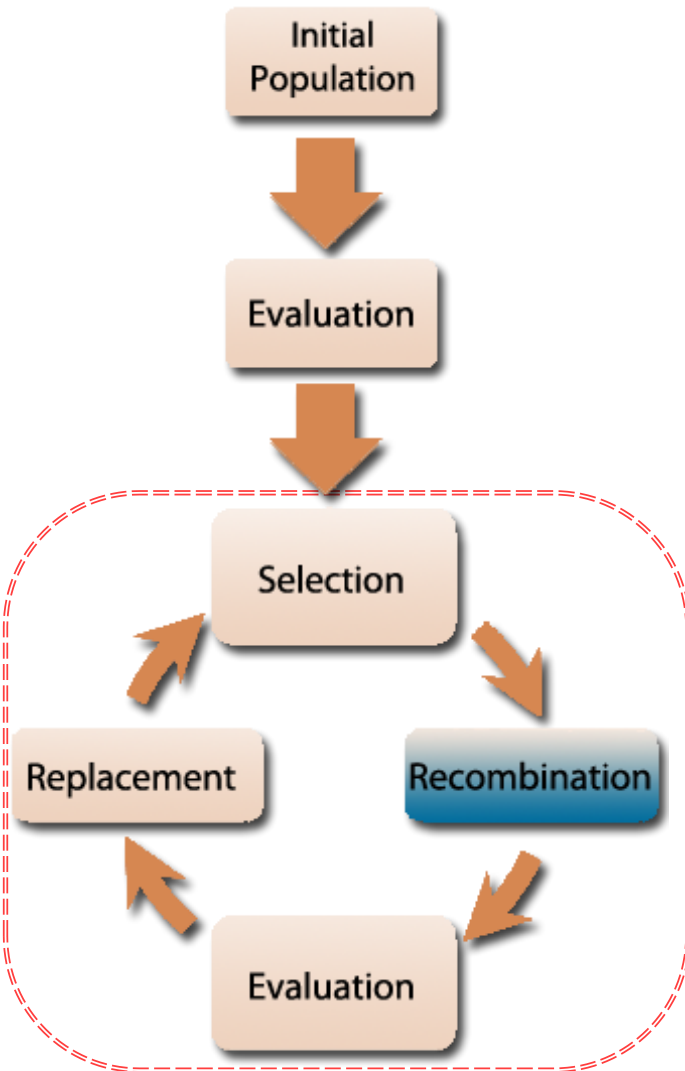
Motivation

Evolutionary Tree Miner

1. Creation and evaluation of the initial population
2. Evolve the initial population in the evolutionary cycle



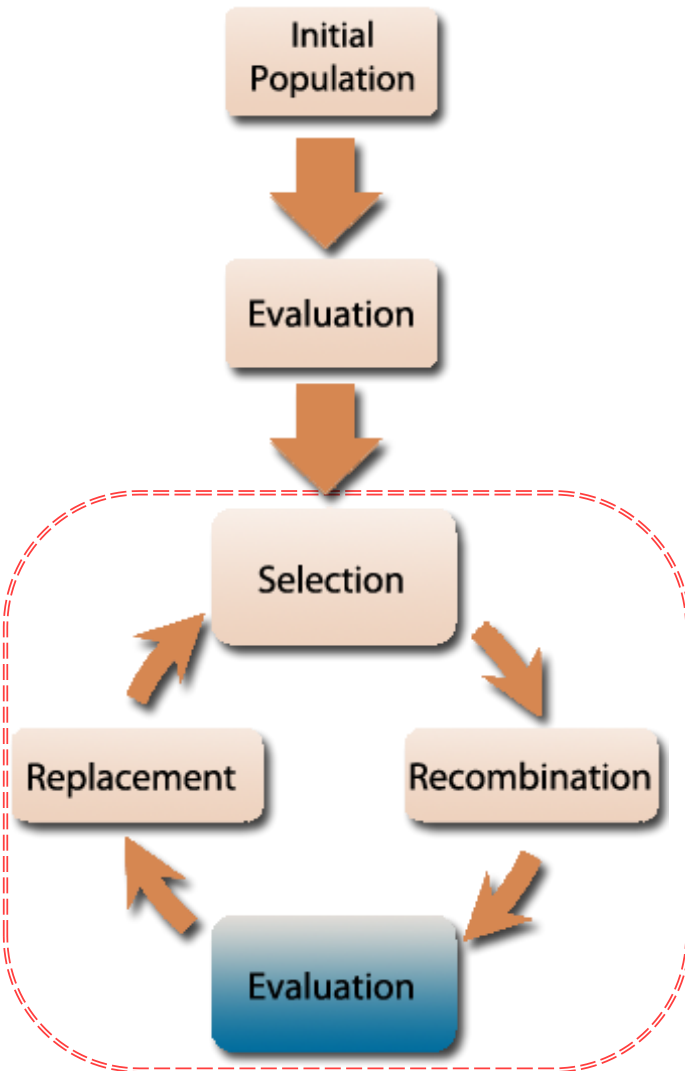
Motivation



Evolutionary cycle:

1. Mutate the current population:
 - Adding, changing or removing behavior

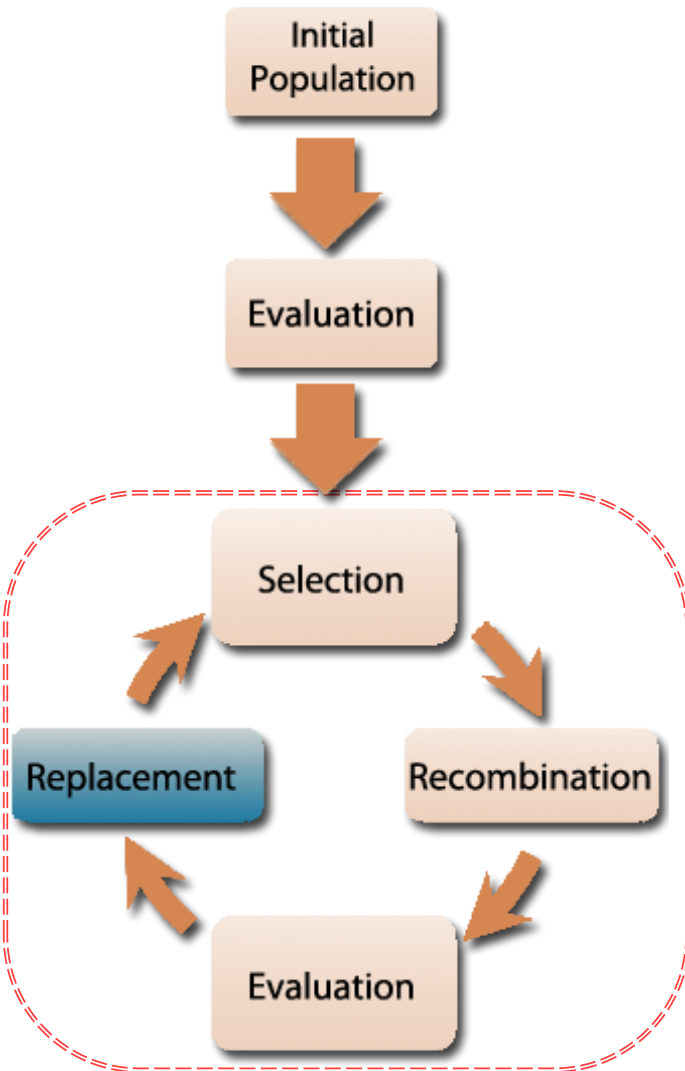
Motivation



Evolutionary cycle:

1. **Mutate the current population:**
 - Adding, changing or removing behavior
2. **Compute the alignments of each process tree**

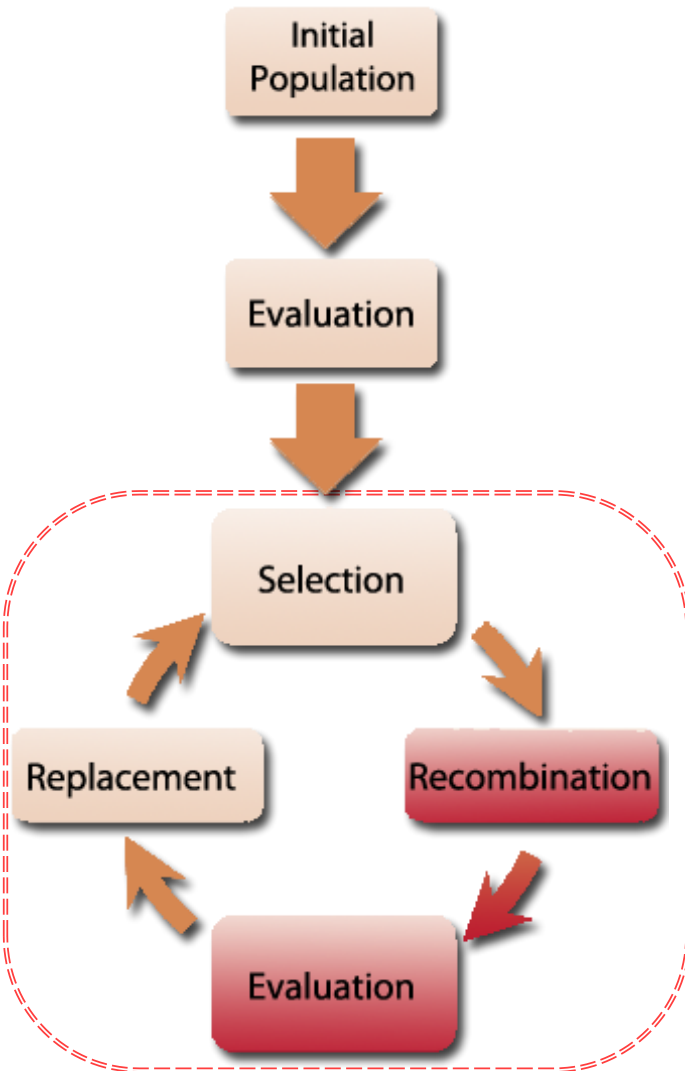
Motivation



Evolutionary cycle:

1. **Mutate the current population:**
 - Adding, changing or removing behavior
2. **Compute the alignments of each process tree**
3. **Replace population**

Motivation

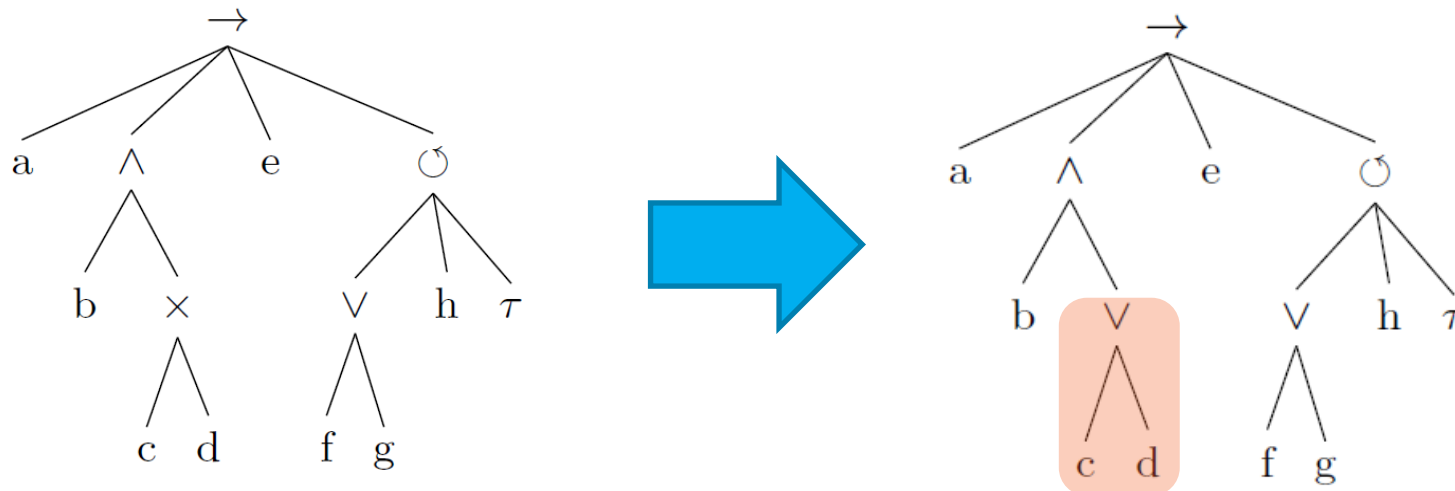


Bottleneck:

1. Mutate the current population:
 - Adding, changing or removing behavior
2. Compute the alignments of each process tree

Hypothesis

Can we compute an alignment by **reusing an old alignment**, instead of computing the alignment from scratch?

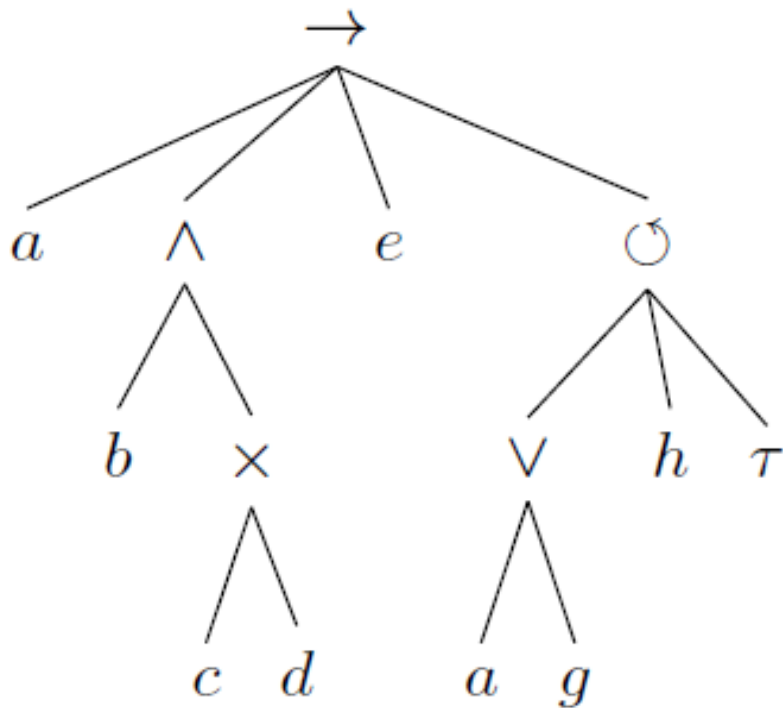


trace	a	b	c	d	e	f
model	a	b	c	>>	e	f

trace	?	?	?	?	?	?
model	?	?	?	?	?	?

- **Optimality is not guaranteed**

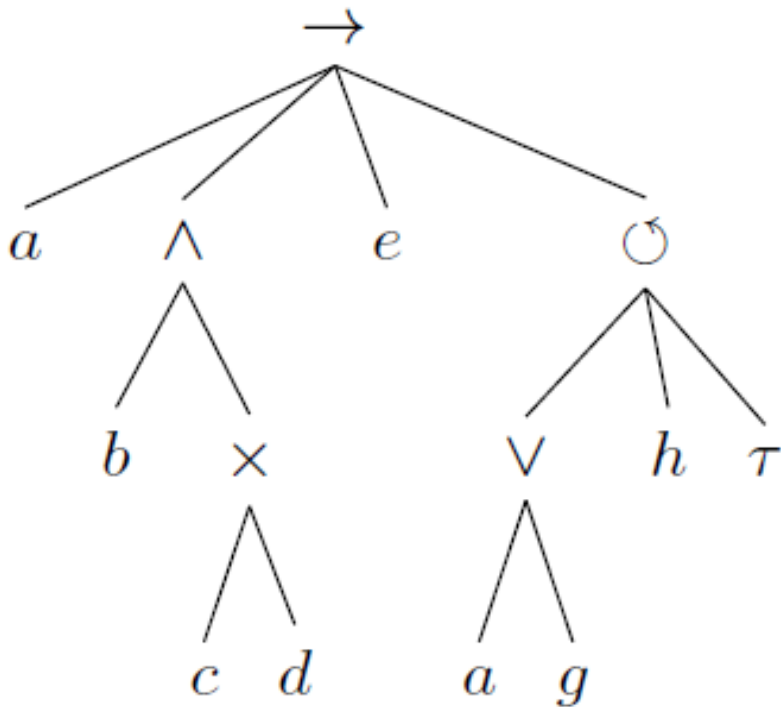
Preliminaries: Process Trees



{<a,b,c,e,a,b,g,h,a>, <a,b,d,e,a>, <a,b,d,e,g,h,a,g>}

- **Block structured workflow net**
- **Leafs:** activities
 - { a, b, c, d, e, g, h, τ }
- **Nodes:** operators
 - Sequence: \rightarrow
 - AND: \wedge
 - OR: \vee
 - XOR: \times
 - LOOP: \cup

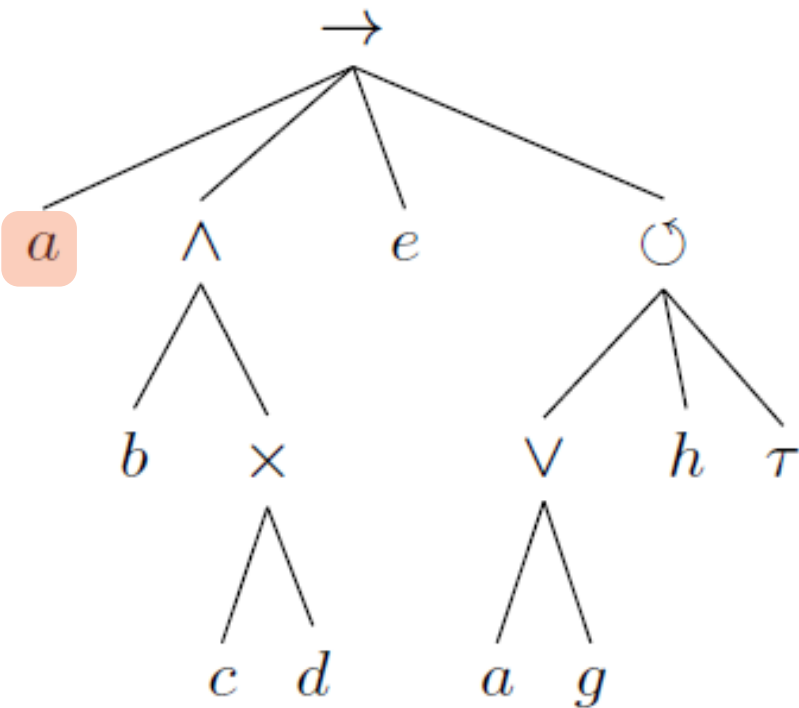
Preliminaries: Alignments in process trees (i)



- Compute the deviations between a model and a log
- Map events in a trace to leaf nodes
 - Example
 - Trace $\langle a, b, c, d, a \rangle$

trace	a	b	c	d	\gg	a
model	a	b	c	\gg	e	a

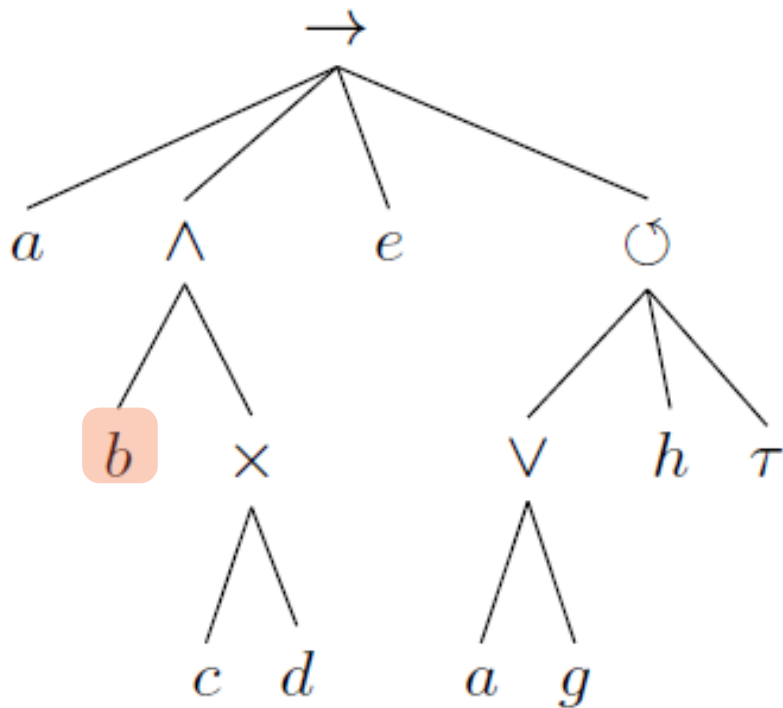
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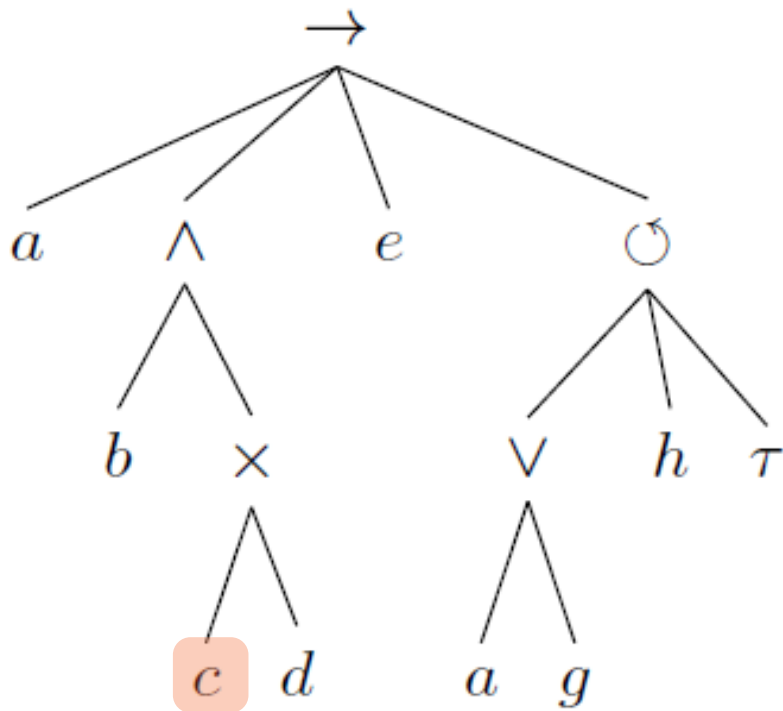
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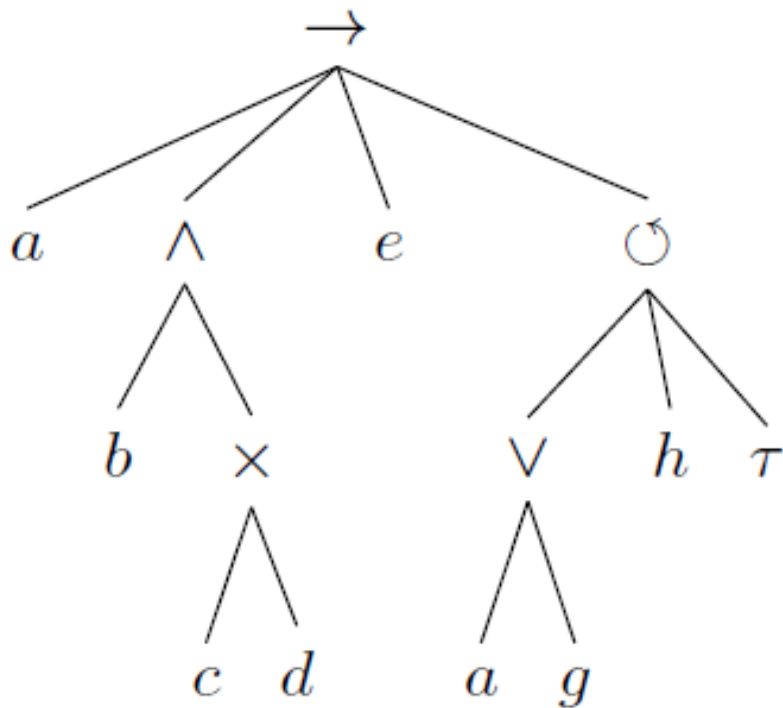
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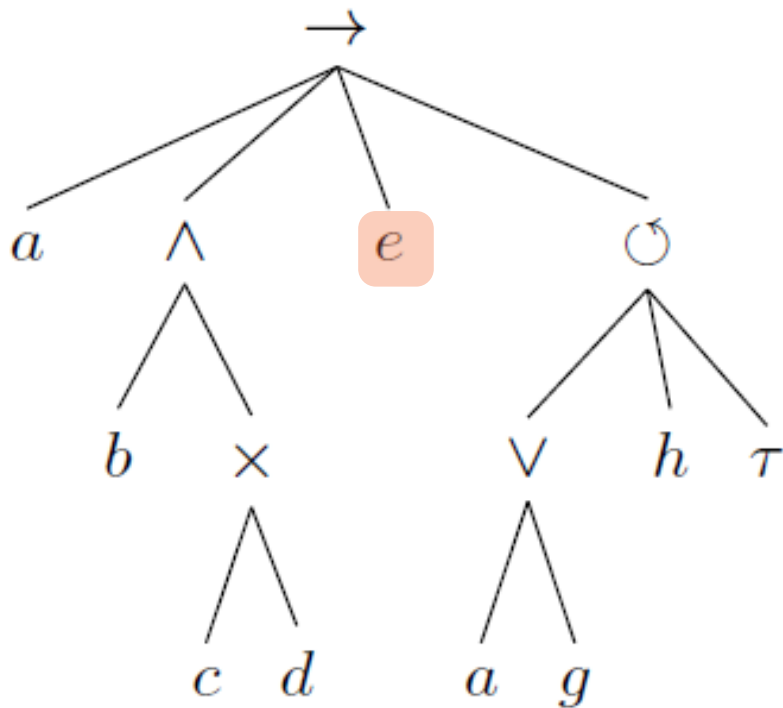
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- Compute the deviations between a model and a log
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trace	a	b	c	d	\gg	a
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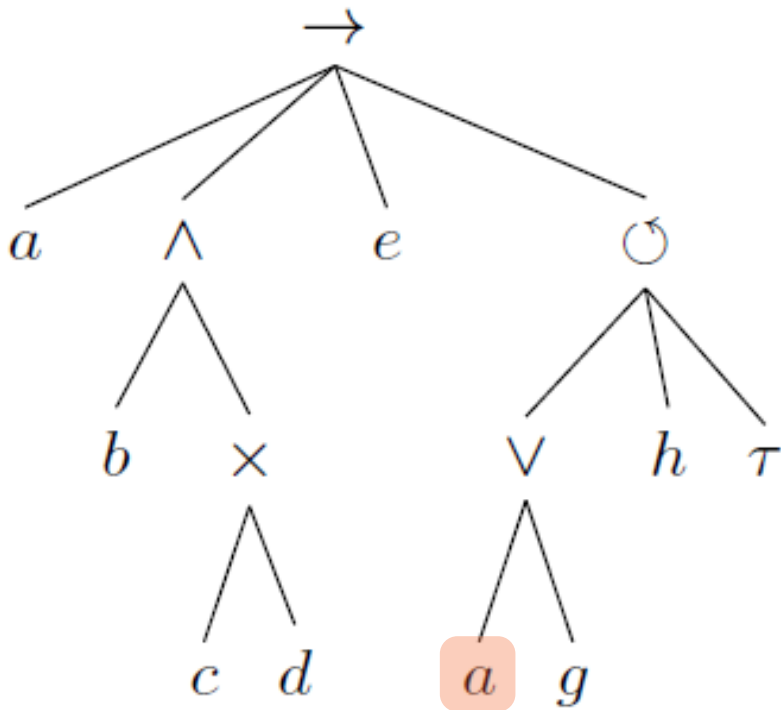
Preliminaries: Alignments in process trees (i)



- Compute the deviations between a model and a log
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trace	a	b	c	d	\gg	a
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Preliminaries: Alignments in process trees (i)



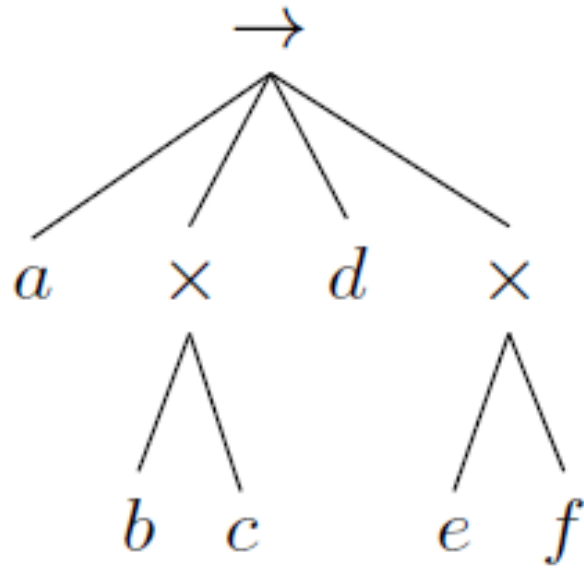
- Compute the deviations between a model and a log
- Map events in a trace to leaf nodes
 - Example
 - Trace $\langle a, b, c, d, a \rangle$

trace	a	b	c	d	\gg	a
model	a	b	c	\gg	e	a

Overview

- **General approach:**
 - **Example of how we can reuse an alignment**
 - **Example proving non-optimality**
- **Validation and experiments**

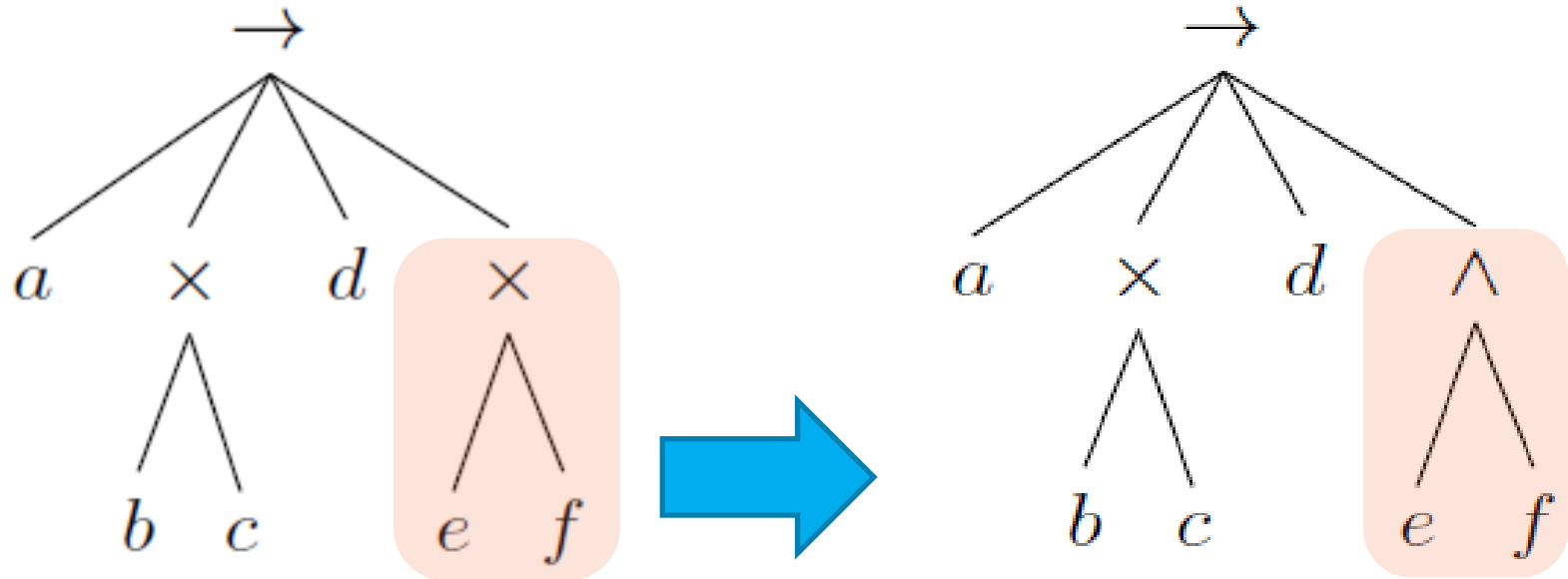
Reusing existing alignments (i)



trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	»	d	e	»

Reusing existing alignments (ii)

- Change (node 7) from a XOR to an AND operator

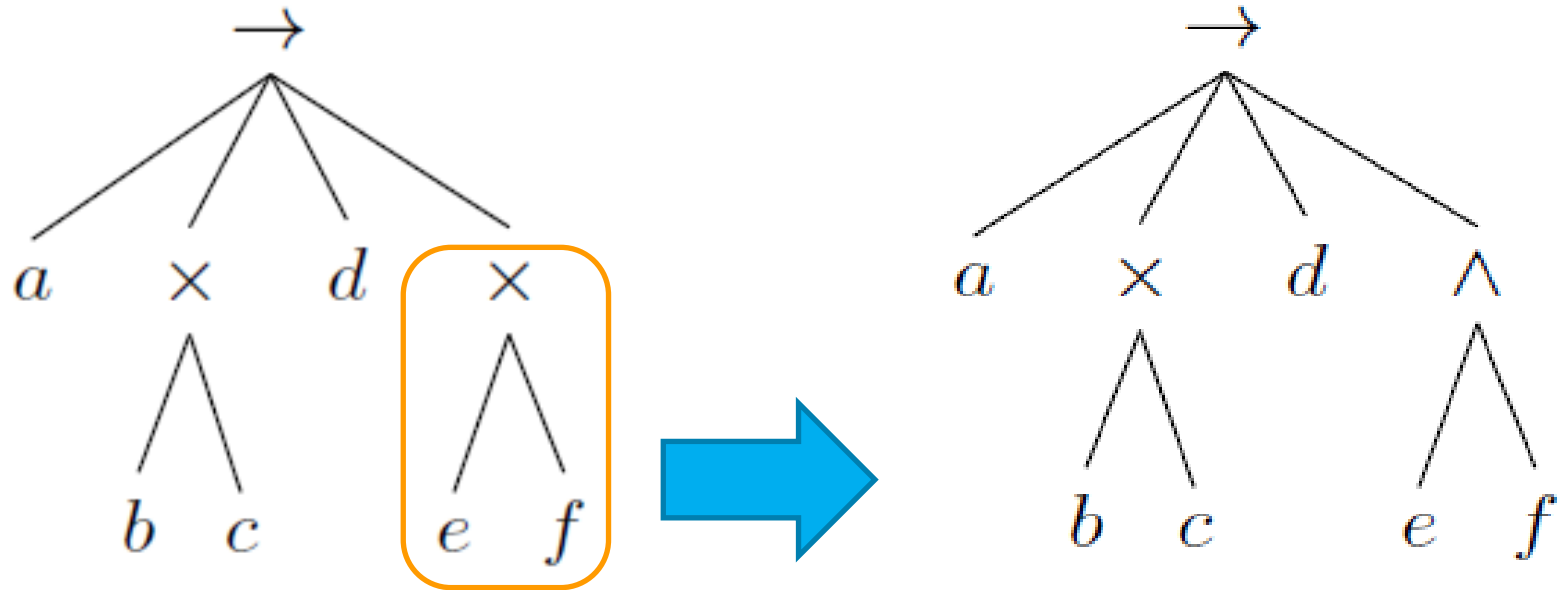


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	\gg	d	e	\gg

trace	...
model	...

Reusing existing alignments (iii)

- **Scope of change: everything under node \times (node 7)**

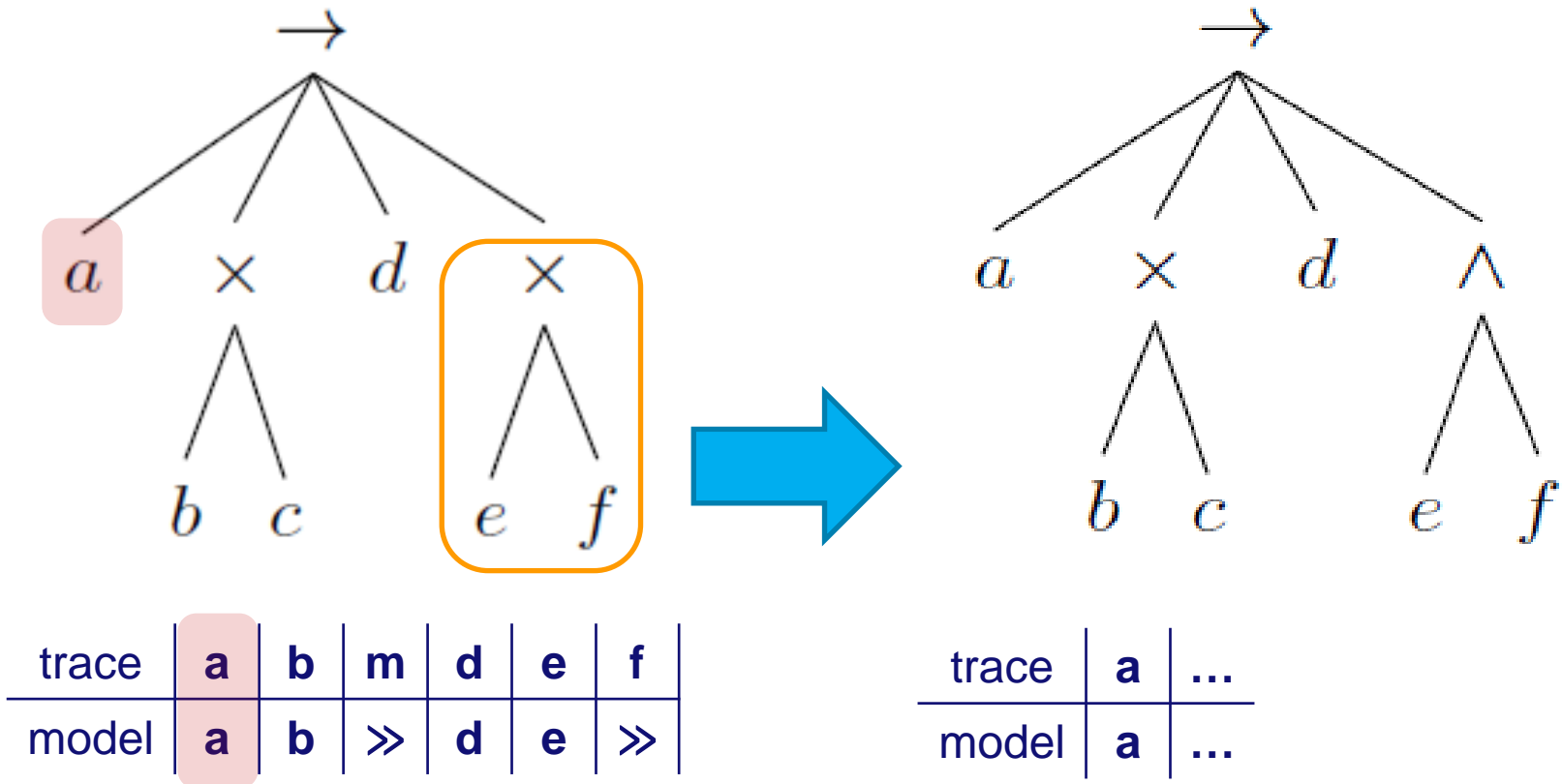


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	»	d	e	»

trace	...
model	...

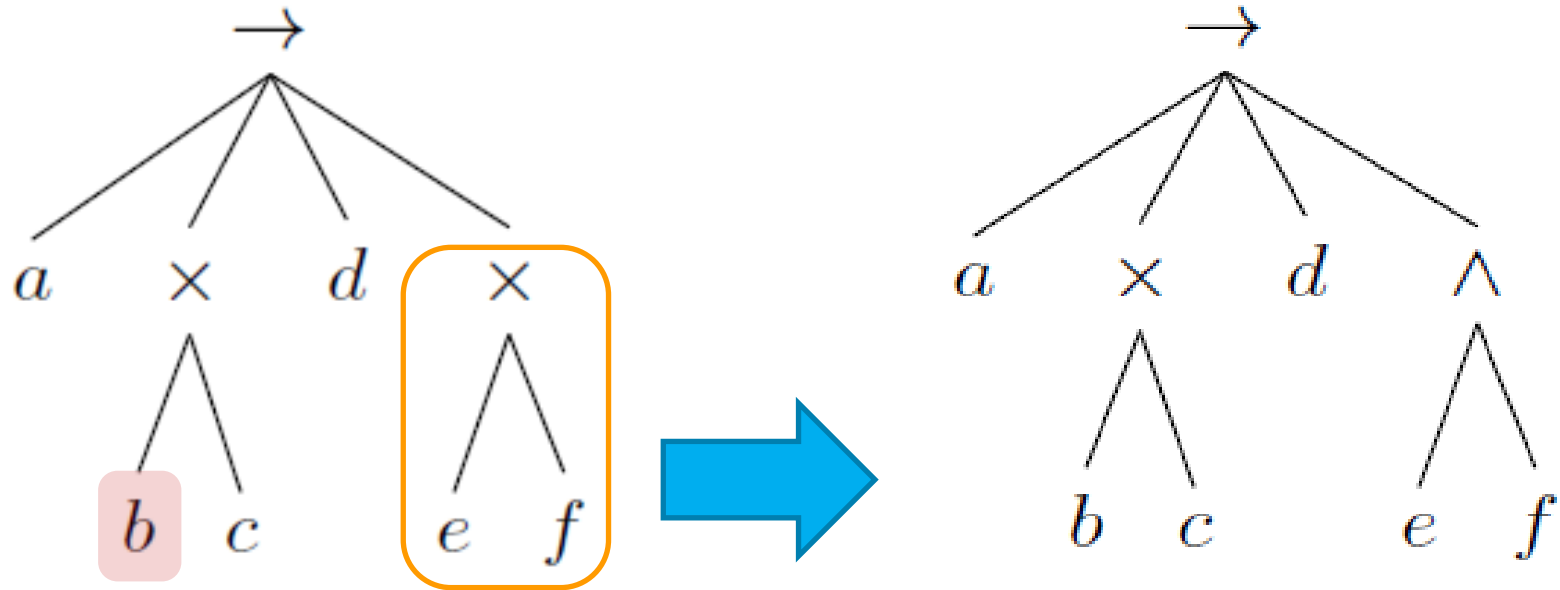
Reusing existing alignments (iv)

- Sync move outside the scope



Reusing existing alignments (v)

- Sync move outside the scope

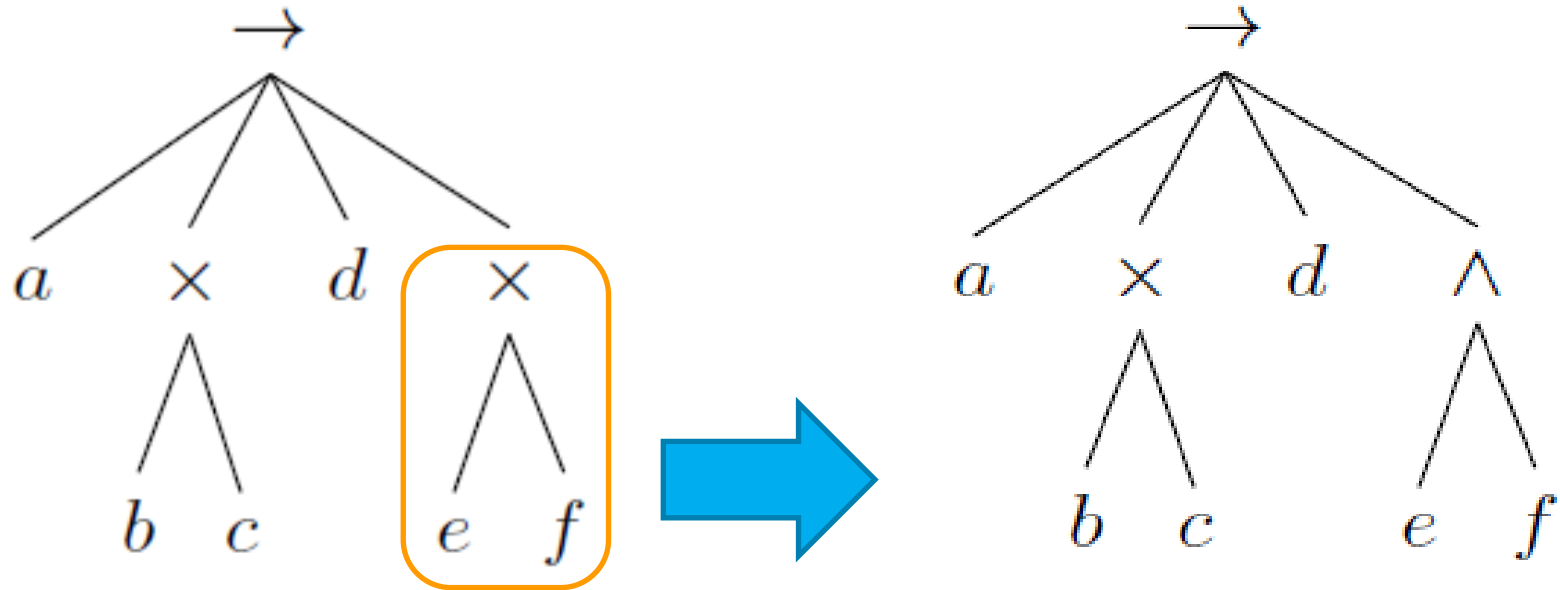


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

trace	a	b	...
model	a	b	...

Reusing existing alignments (vi)

- **Log move ? the scope:** check previous move.

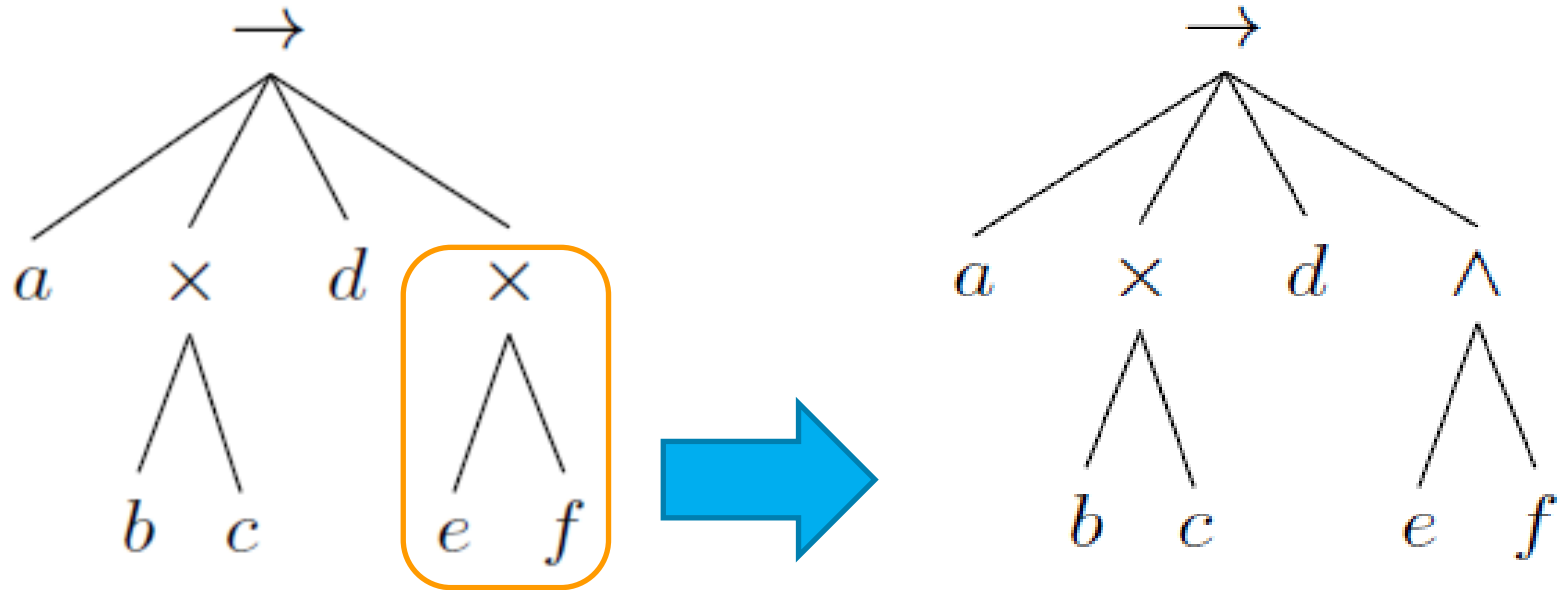


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

trace	a	b	...
model	a	b	...

Reusing existing alignments (vii)

- Log move outside the scope

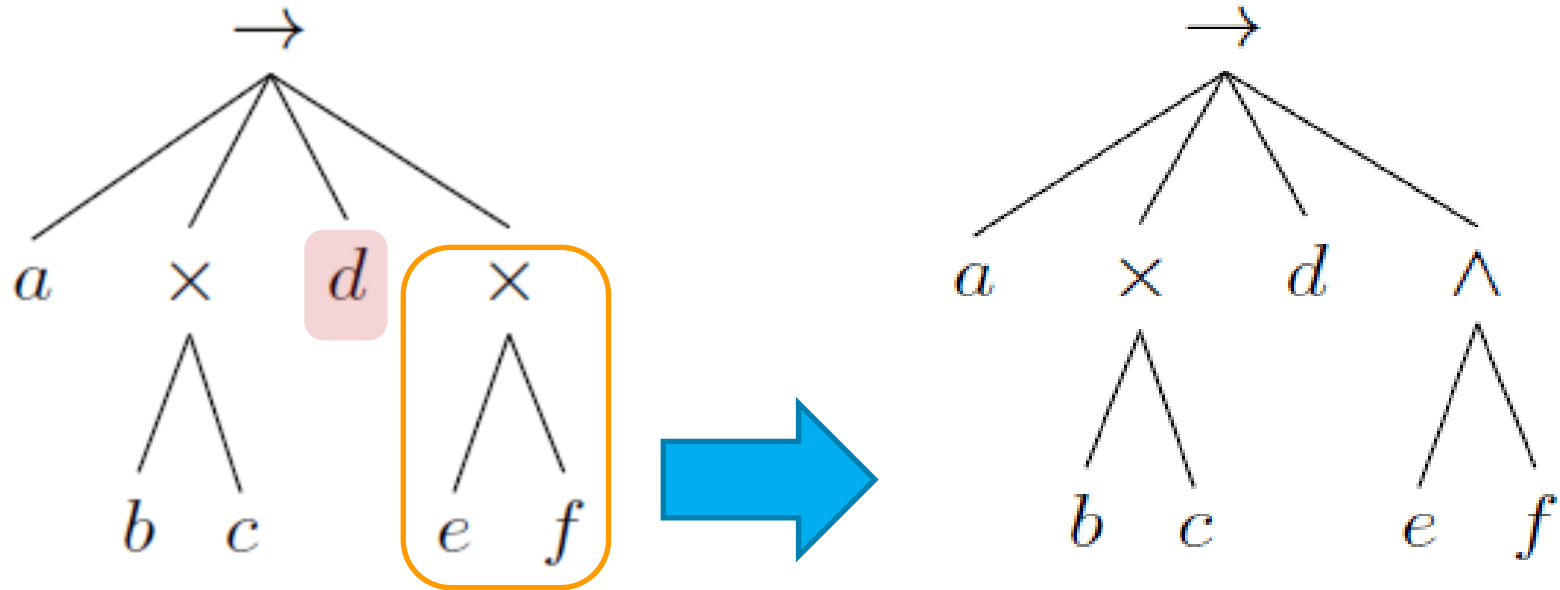


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

trace	a	b	m	...
model	a	b	>>	...

Reusing existing alignments (viii)

- Sync move outside the scope

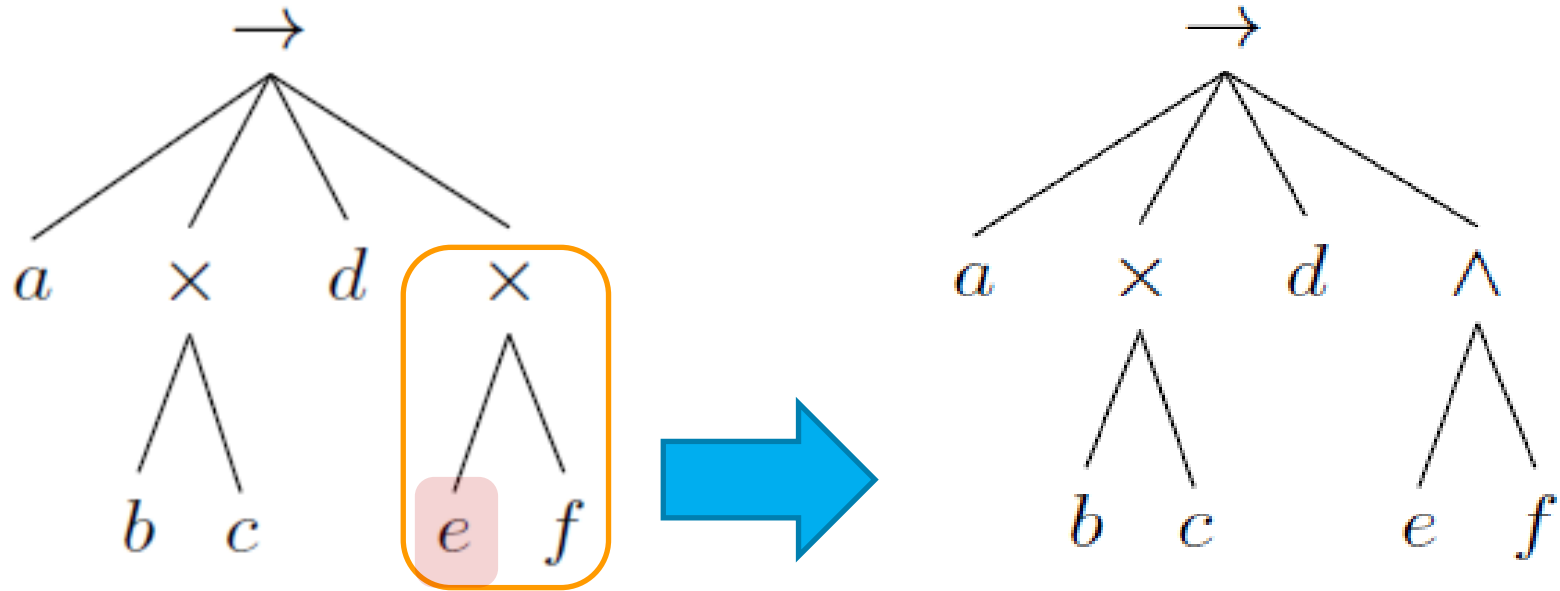


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

trace	a	b	m	d	...
model	a	b	>>	d	...

Reusing existing alignments (ix)

- Sync move inside the scope: new trace <e>

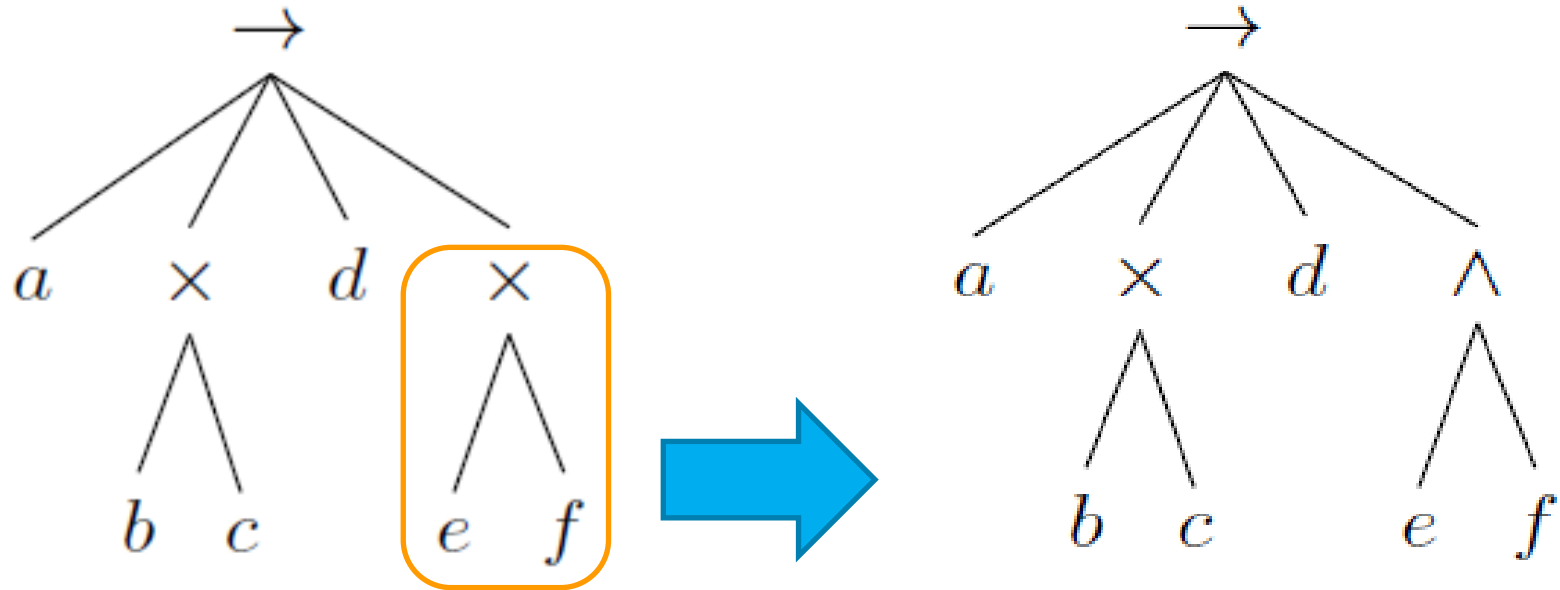


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

trace	a	b	m	d	e	...
model	a	b	>>	d	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (x)

- **Log move inside the scope:** add to new trace <e,f>

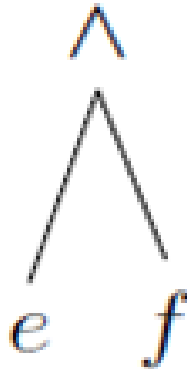


trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	>>

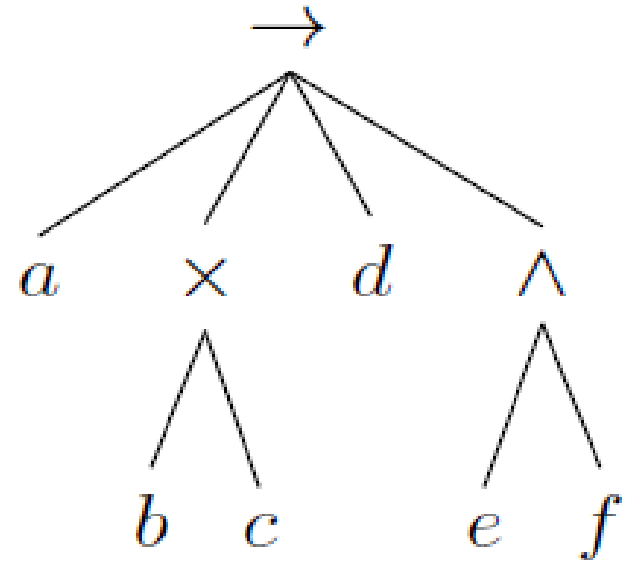
trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	-	-

Reusing existing alignments (xi)

- Align the new subtree with the subtrace: $\{<e,f>\}$



trace	e	f
model	e	f



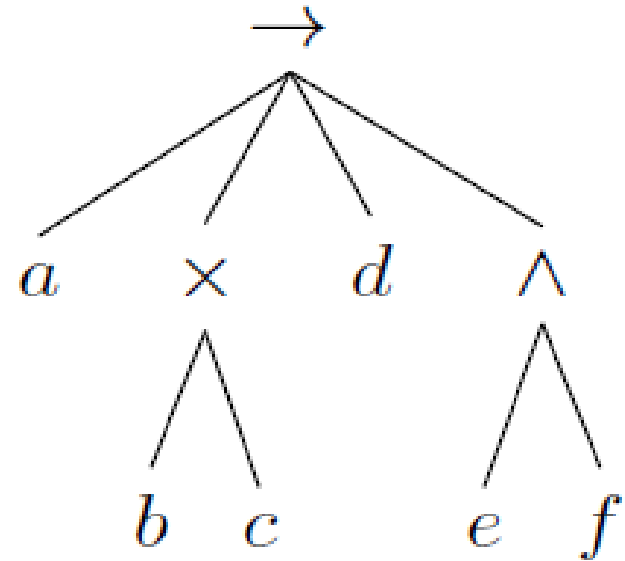
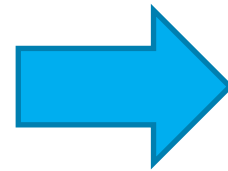
trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	-	-

Reusing existing alignments (xii)

- Align the new subtree with the new trace: $\{ \langle e, f \rangle \}$

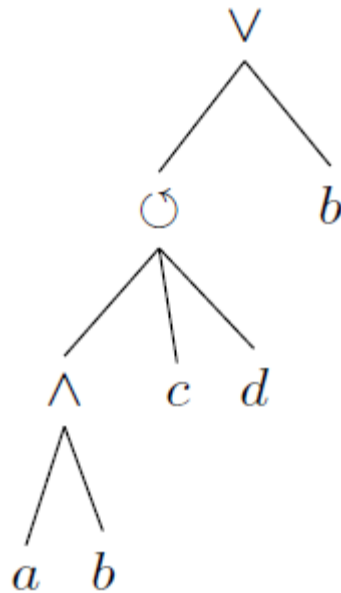


trace	e	f
model	e	f



trace	a	b	m	d	e	f
model	a	b	>>	d	e	f

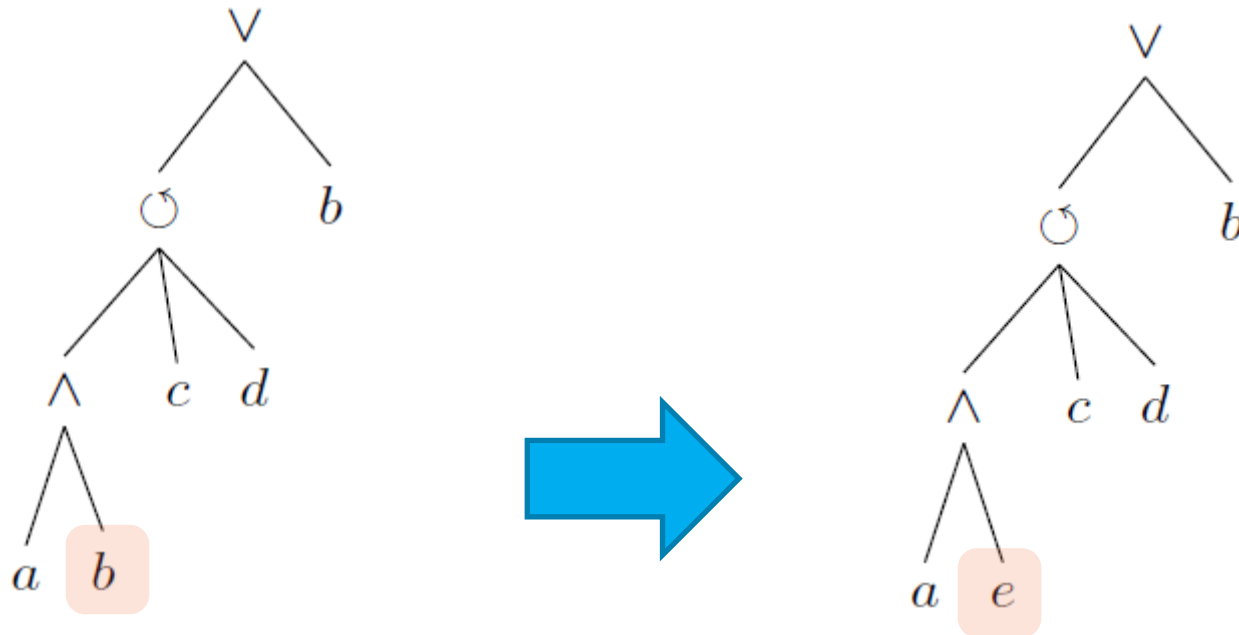
Reusing existing alignments (i)



trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

Reusing existing alignments (ii)

- Change node 2 from a XOR to an AND operator

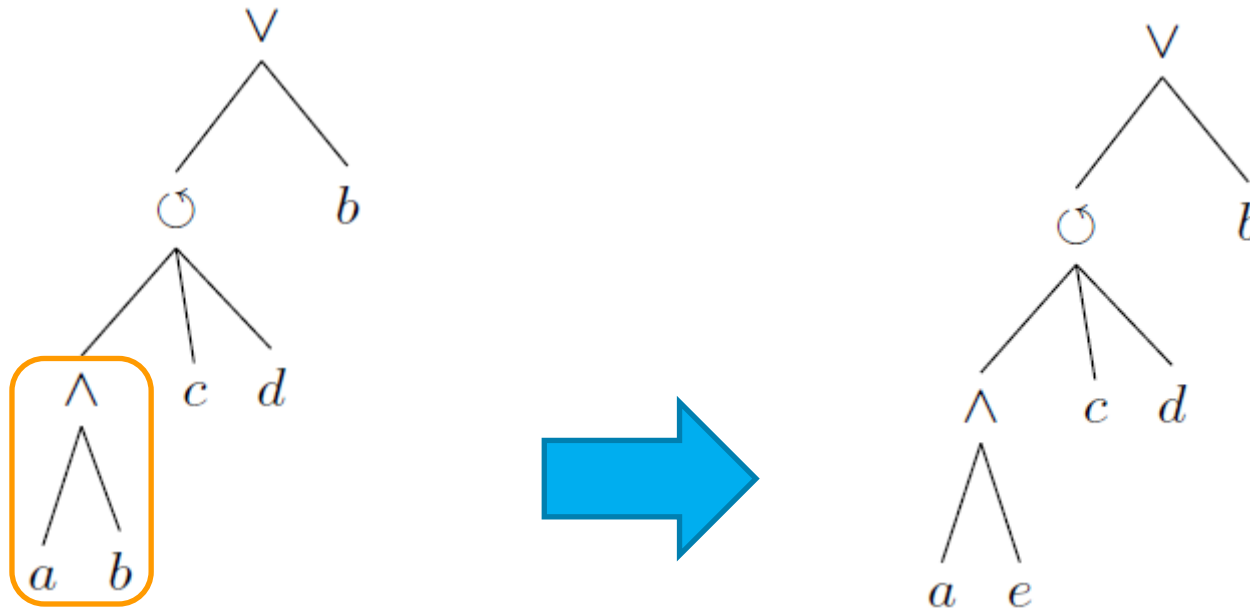


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	\gg	d

trace	...
model	...

Reusing existing alignments (iii)

- **Scope:** when changing a leaf, take the parent.

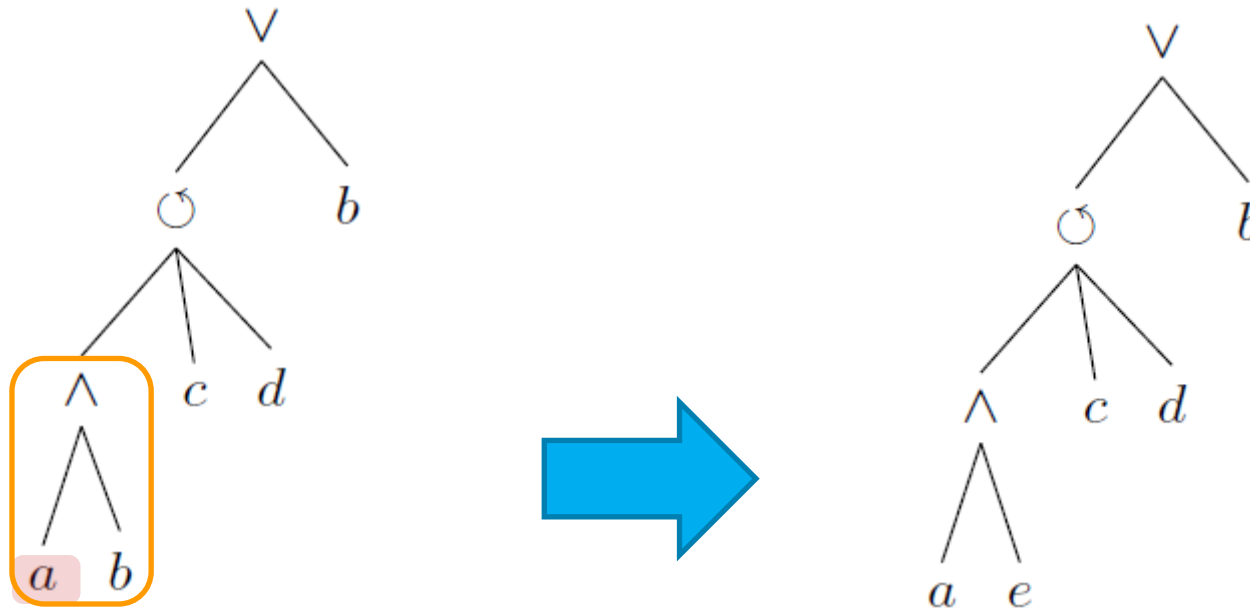


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	...
model	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (iii)

- **Sync move inside the scope: new trace <a>**

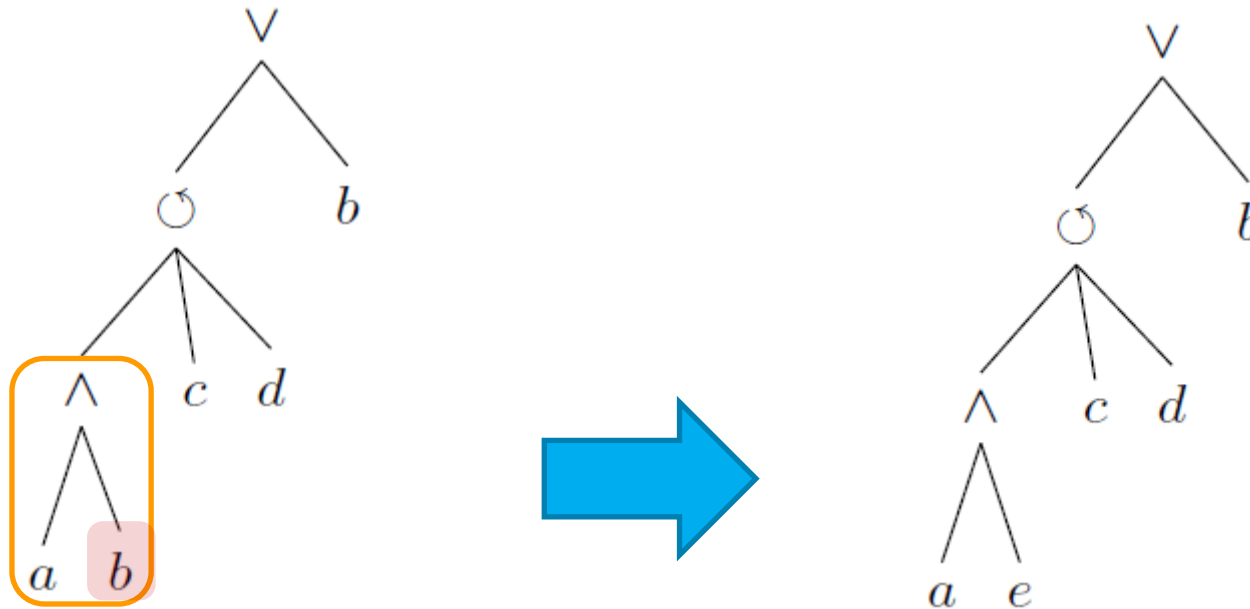


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	...
model	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (iv)

- **Sync move inside the scope:** new trace $\langle a, b \rangle$

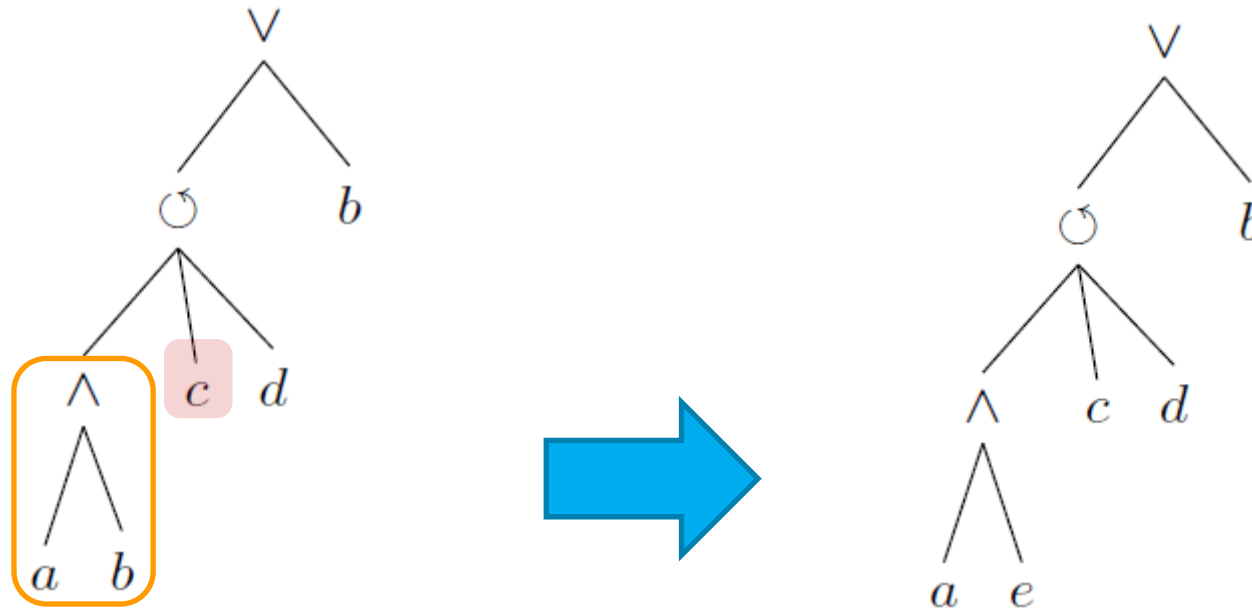


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	...
model	-	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (v)

- Sync move outside the scope

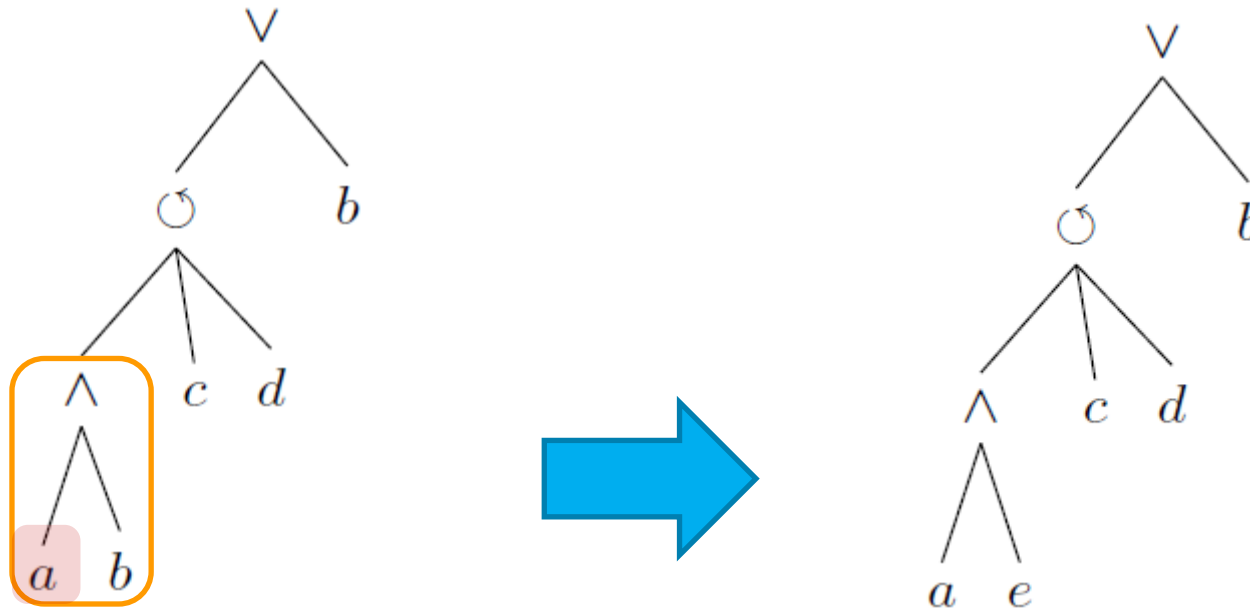


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	c	...
model	-	-	c	...

Reusing existing alignments (vi)

- Sync move inside the scope

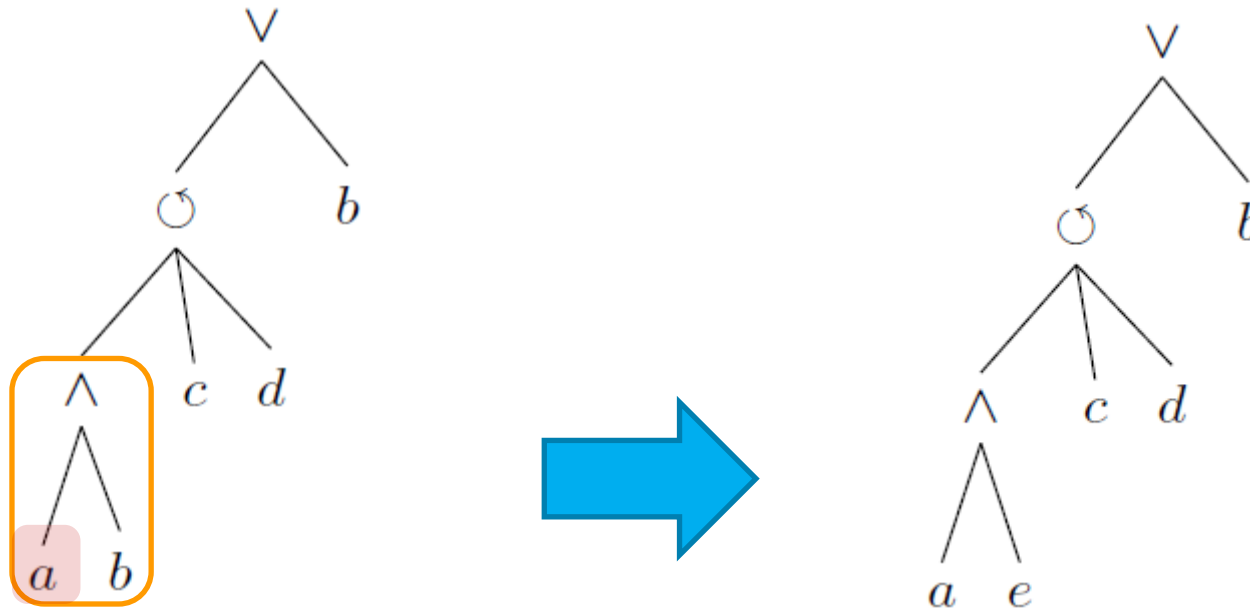


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	c	...
model	-	-	c	...

Reusing existing alignments (vii)

- **Sync move inside the scope**
- **New instance of the loop: create a new trace: <a>**

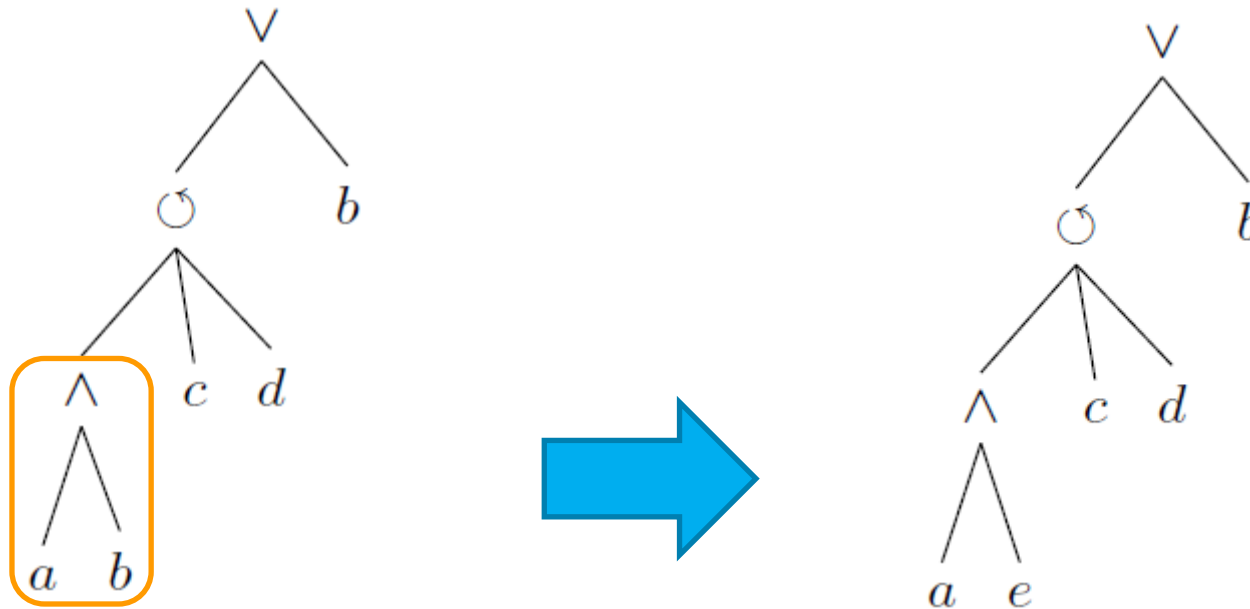


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	c	a	...
model	-	-	c	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (viii)

- **Sync move inside the scope:** add to new trace $\langle a, e \rangle$

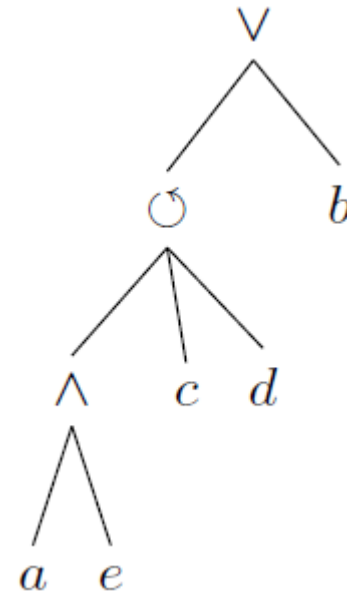
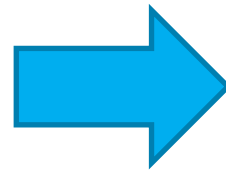
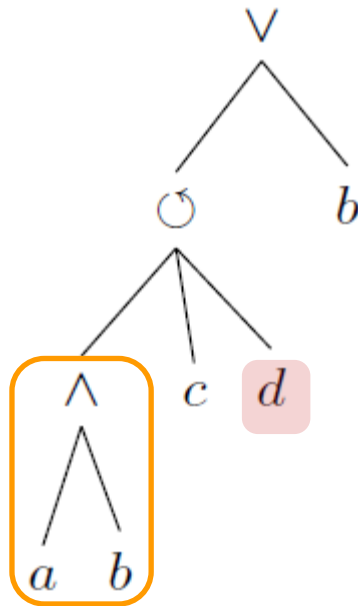


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	c	a	e	...
model	-	-	c	-	-	...

Reusing existing alignments (ix)

- Sync move outside the scope

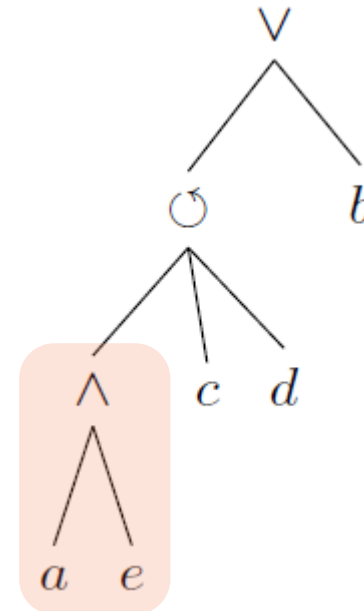


trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	b	c	a	>>	d

trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	-	-	c	-	-	d

Reusing existing alignments (x)

- Align the new subtree with the new traces: {<ab>, <ae>}



1st
Part

trace	a	>>	b
model	a	e	>>

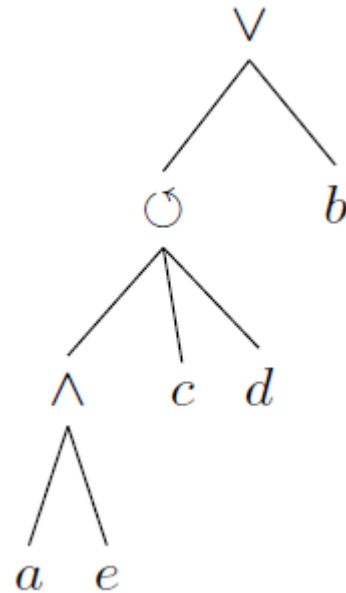
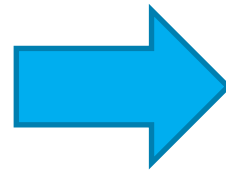
2nd
Part

trace	a	e
model	a	e

trace	a	b	c	a	e	d
model	-	-	c	-	-	d

Reusing existing alignments (xi)

- Align the new subtree with the new traces: {<ab>, <ae>}



1st
Part

trace	a	>>	b
model	a	e	>>

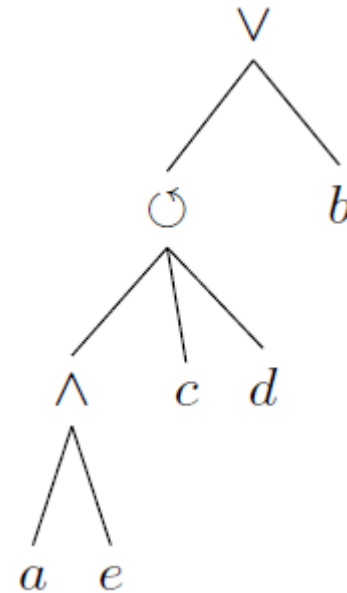
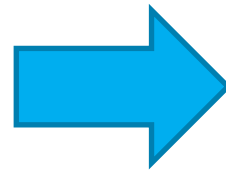
2nd
Part

trace	a	e
model	a	e

trace	a	>>	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	e	>>	c	-	-	d

Reusing existing alignments (xii)

- Align the new subtree with the new traces: {<ab>, <ae>}



1st
Part

trace	a	>>	b
model	a	e	>>

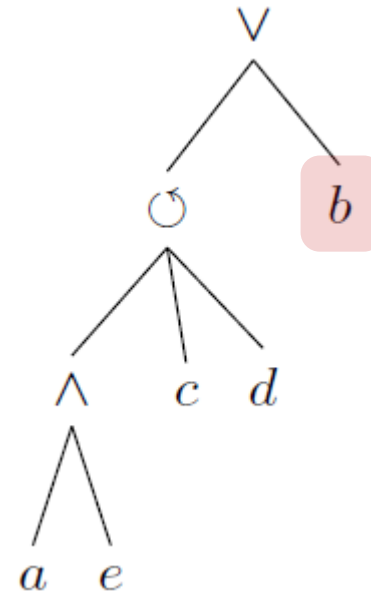
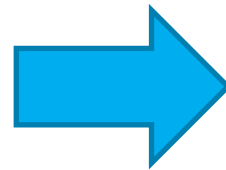
2nd
Part

trace	a	e
model	a	e

trace	a	>>	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	e	>>	c	a	e	d

Reusing existing alignments (xiii)

The resulting alignment is **not optimal**



1st
Part

trace	a	>>	b
model	a	e	>>

2nd
Part

trace	a	e
model	a	e

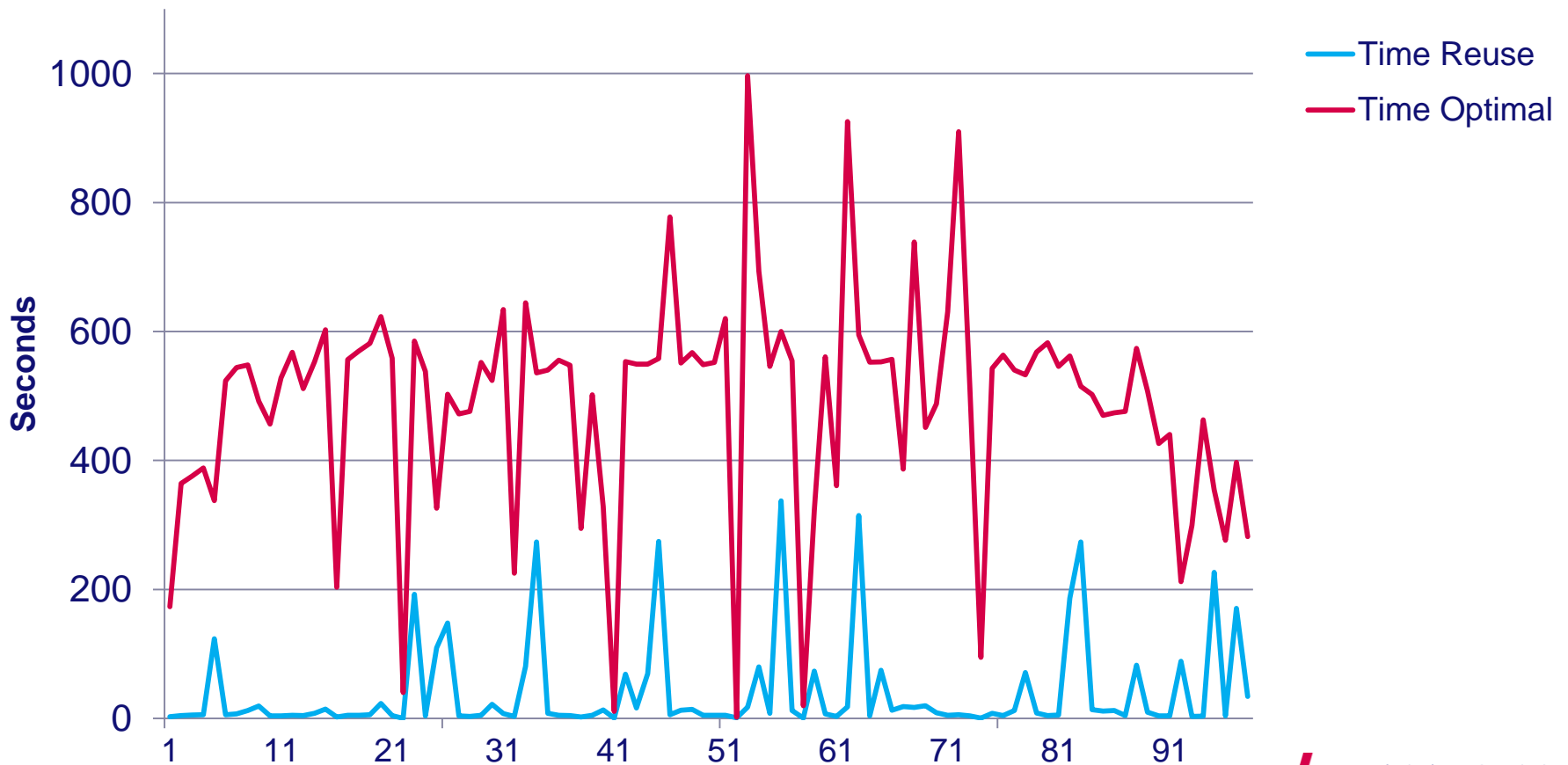
trace	a	>>	b	c	a	e	d
model	a	e	>>	c	a	e	d

Experiments – Set up

- 1. Random tree: >20 nodes**
 - **Random log: 2000 traces**
- 2. 100 mutations of the original random tree**
 - **Time comparison:**
 - Optimal alignment vs Reusing the old alignment
 - **Quality of the new alignment**

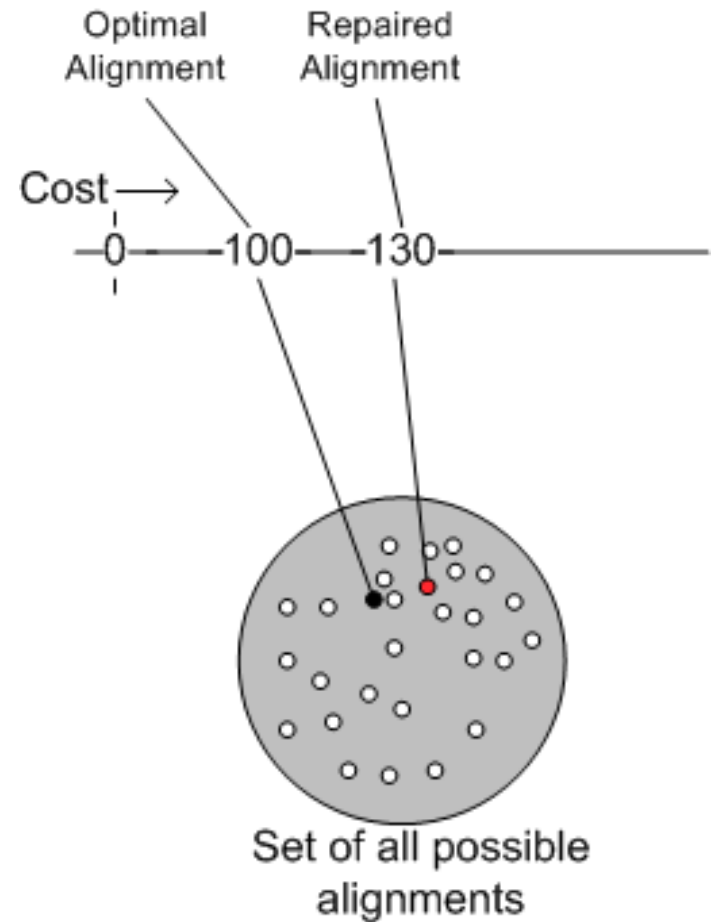
Experiments – Results (Time)

100 mutations of the original tree



Experiments – Results (Quality)

How to grade the new alignment



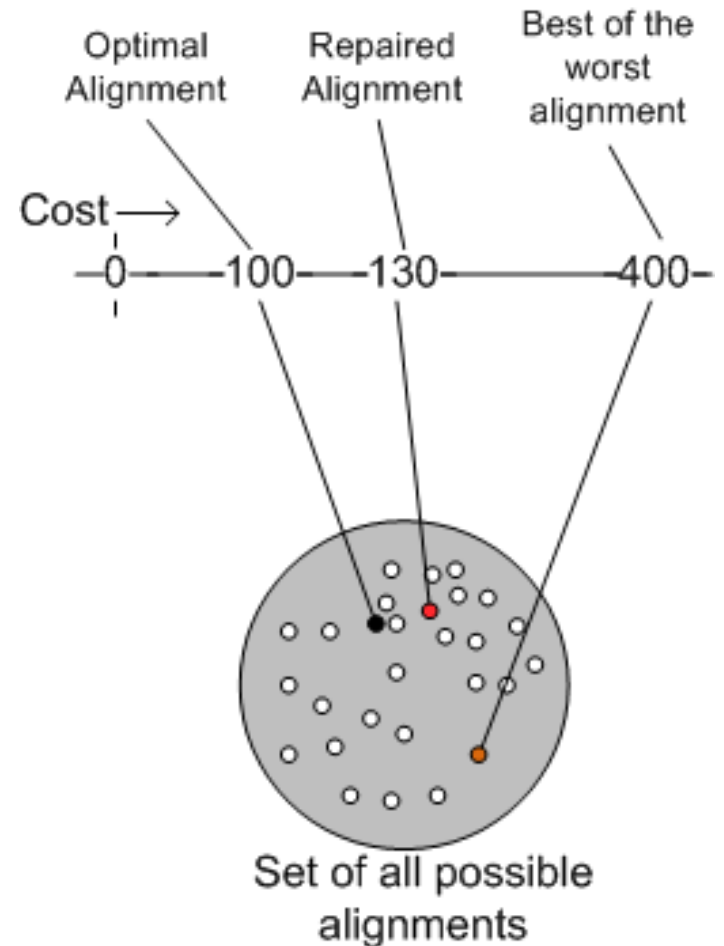
Experiments – Results (Quality)

How to grade the new alignment

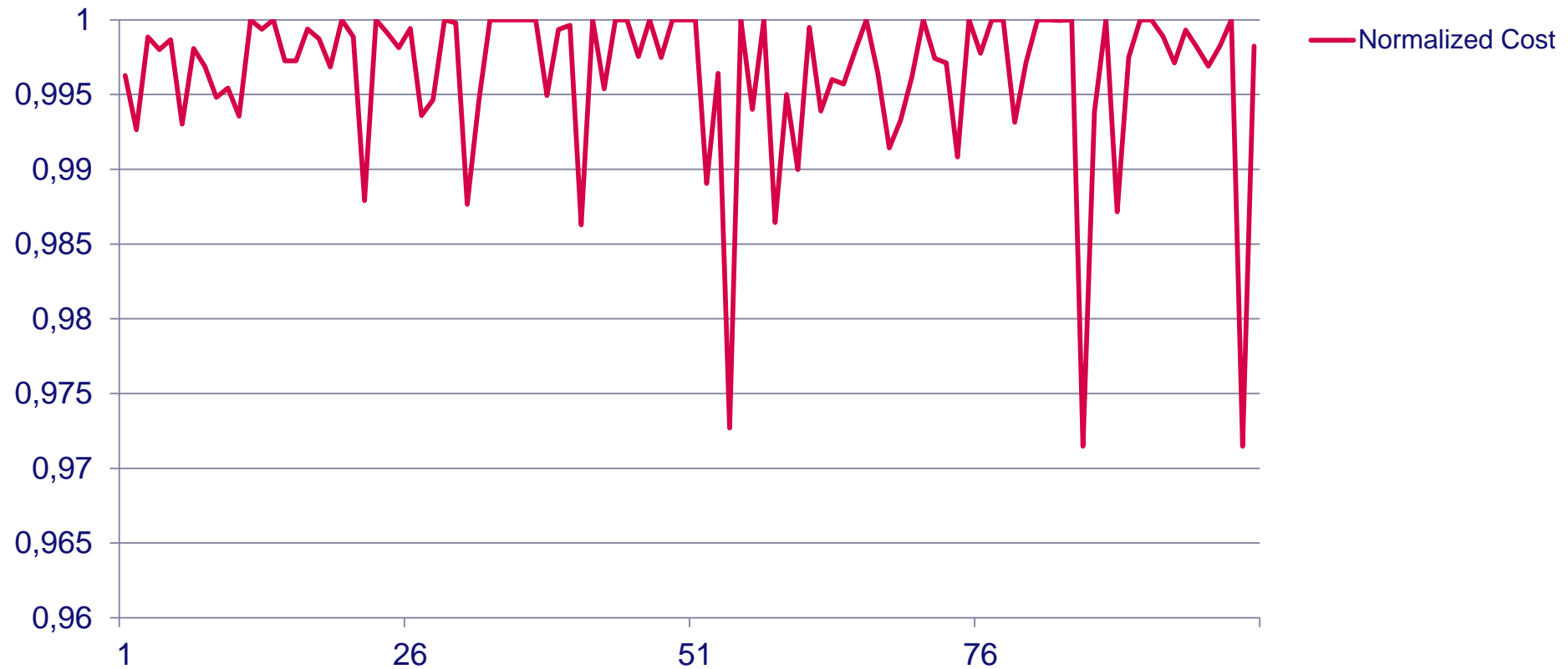
- Normalize it based on:
 - The optimal alignment
 - “Best of the worst” alignment



trace	a	e	>>	>>
model	>>	>>	a	e



Experiments – Results (Quality)



Future work

- **Predict optimality**
 - When is it better to compute the optimal alignment?
 - How many times can we keep reusing an alignment?
- **Use cases:**
 - **ETM**
 - **Streaming**

Reusing Alignments

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Where innovation starts