	Z	$ x_1 $	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	$s_1$	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>s</b> 3	Ь
Ζ	1	0	5	0	2	7	0	-14
$x_1$	0	1	-2	0	1	-5	0	9
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	4	1	4	1	0	18
<i>s</i> 3	0	0	-3	0	9	0	1	9 18 5

▲ロト ▲帰ト ▲ヨト ▲ヨト ヨー のくぐ

Question: The optimal solution for the dual of this LP has

- A.  $y_1 = 0$  and  $s_3 = 0$
- B.  $y_3 = 0$  and  $y_1 = 2$
- C.  $y_2 = 0$  and  $y_1 = 2$
- D.  $y_1 = 0$  and  $y_2 = 7$

	Z	$ x_1 $	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	$s_1$	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>s</b> 3	Ь
Ζ	1	0	5	0	2	7	0	-32
<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	0	1	-2	0	1	-5	0	9
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	18
<i>s</i> 3	0	0	-3	0	9	0	1	9 18 5

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

Question: The dual of this LP

- A. is infeasible
- B. is unbounded
- C. has optimal objective value 32
- D. has optimal objective value -32

	Z	$x_1$	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>s</b> 3	b
Ζ	1	0	-5	0	2	7	0	-14
$x_1$	0	1	-2	0	1	-5	0	9
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	18
<i>s</i> 3	0	0	-3	0	9	0	1	9 18 5

▲ロト ▲圖 ▶ ▲ 臣 ▶ ▲ 臣 ▶ ● 臣 ● のへで

Question: The dual of this LP

- A. is infeasible
- B. is unbounded
- C. has optimal objective value 14
- D. has optimal objective value -14

	Ζ	$x_1$	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>s</i> 3	Ь
Ζ	1	3	0	17	1	9	0	29
<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	0	2	0	5	1	-2	0	58
<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	-9	1	3	0	-1	0	80
<i>s</i> 3	0	5	0	1	0	0	1	58 80 255

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Question: The dual of this LP

- A. is infeasible
- B. is unbounded
- C. has optimal objective value 29
- D. has optimal objective value -29

	Ζ	$x_1$	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	<b>s</b> 2	<i>s</i> 3	b
Ζ	1	0	3	0	1	0	1	?
<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	-5	0	-2	1	0	?
<i>X</i> 3	0	0	-1	1	-3	0	2	?
<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	0	1	2	0	+2	0	0 2 -1	?

Question: (Tableau is optimal for LP with given constraints.)

- A. Then one of the four questionmarks is 2
- B. Then one of the four questionmarks is 3
- C. Then one of the four questionmarks is 4
- D. Then one of the four questionmarks is 5

C	1.5			$\sim$
(	IC	ker	#B	- 2
$\sim$				

2		Z	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	X	2 3	s <sub>1</sub>	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>s</i> <sub>3</sub>	Ь
	Ζ	1	-3	?1	?	0	0	0	0
	$s_1$	0	1	(	)	1	0	0	4
	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	?1	?	0	1	0	12
	<i>s</i> 3	0	3	?!?	?	0	0	1	18
		Ζ	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	$s_1$		<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>s</i> 3	b
-	Ζ	1	0	0	0		$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	36
	<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	0	0	0	1		$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	2
	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	??	0		$\frac{1}{2}$	0	6
	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	0	1	??	0		$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	2

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

Question: (Starting tableau and final tableau)

- A. Then ?!? is 1
- B. Then ?!? is 2
- C. Then ?!? is 3
- D. Then ?!? is 4

```
Consider LP with objective
```

minimize  $3x_1 - 5x_2 + x_3 + x_4$ 

subject to a system of constraints. The point (1, 5, 9, 6) is feasible for the primal LP.

Question: Which of the following statements could possibly be true?

- A. The dual LP is infeasible
- B. The dual LP is unbounded
- C. The optimal objective value of the dual LP is -6
- D. The optimal objective value of the dual LP is at least -5

#### Consider LP with objective

minimize  $2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4$ 

subject to a system of constraints.

The point (1, 3, 5, 2) is feasible for both the primal and the dual LP.

#### Question: Which objective is possible for the dual LP?

- A. maximize  $y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + y_4$
- B. maximize  $2y_1 + y_2 y_3 y_4$
- C. minimize  $2y_1 + y_2 y_3 + y_4$
- D. maximize  $2y_1 + 2y_2 y_3 + y_4$

			<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>					
Ζ	1	0	3	0	1	0	2	?
<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	$-5 \\ -1 \\ 2$	0	?	1	0	?
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	-1	1	?	0	2	?
$x_1$	0	1	2	0	?	0	1	?

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Question: (Tableau is optimal for LP with given constraints.)

- A. Then  $2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 < 3$  is possible
- B. Then  $4x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 < 1$  is possible
- C. Then  $3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 < 8$  is possible
- D. None of the above

	Z	$ x_1 $	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	<i>s</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>s</b> 3	b
					1			
<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	-5	0	-2 ? ?	1	0	?
<i>x</i> 3	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
$x_1$	?	?	8	?	?	?	?	2

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Question: In this optimal tableau,

- A. variable  $x_3$  has value 1
- B. variable  $x_3$  has value 2
- C. variable  $x_3$  has value 3
- D. variable  $x_3$  has value 4

			<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>					
Ζ	1	0	2	0	3	0	2	?
<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	-5 ? 2	0	?	1	0	?
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	?	1	?	0	2	?
$x_1$	0	1	2	0	?	0	1	?

< □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > <

Question: (Tableau is optimal for LP with given constraints.)

- A. Then  $x_1 + x_3 = 8$
- B. Then  $x_1 + x_3 = 9$
- C. Then  $x_1 + x_3 = 10$
- D. None of the above

	Z	$ x_1 $	<i>x</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>x</i> 3	$s_1$	<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	<b>s</b> 3	b
Ζ	1	0	3	0	1	0	?	17
<i>s</i> <sub>2</sub>	0	0	8	0	$-2 \\ -3 \\ +2$	1	0	?
<i>x</i> 3	0	0	?	1	-3	0	2	2
$x_1$	0	1	?	0	+2	0	1	2

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Question: (Final tableau for LP.)

- A. Then  $y_3 = 1$  is possible
- B. Then  $y_3 = 2$  is possible
- C. Then  $y_3 = 3$  is possible
- D. None of the above

Consider the transportation problem

8	9	21	6	9
22	1	13	9	3
3	4	5	1	6
5	4	5	<i>d</i> <sub>4</sub>	

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

Question: If total supply equals total demand,

- A. then  $d_4 = 2$
- **B**. then  $d_4 = 3$
- C. then  $d_4 = 4$
- D. none of the above

Here is a basic feasible solution for a transportation problem:

9	?	?	?	9
?	3	2	?	5
?	?	?	4	4
9	3	2	4	

X = number of questionmarks that are in the basis.

Y = number of questionmarks that are non-zero.

- A. Then X = 1 and Y = 5
- B. Then X = 2 and Y = 0
- C. Then X = 3 and Y = 8
- D. Then X = 3 and Y = 6

Here is a basic feasible solution for a transportation problem:

7	1	?	?	8
?	2	3	?	5
?	?	?	3	4
7	3	3	4	

▲日 ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ ヨ ▶ ▲ ヨ ▶ ● ● ● ●

X = number of questionmarks that are in the basis.

Y = number of questionmarks that are non-zero.

- A. Then X = 1 and Y = 1
- B. Then X = 1 and Y = 2
- C. Then X = 2 and Y = 1
- D. None of the above.

While we are solving an instance of the transportation problem, we encounter a chain reaction that involves exactly R entries.

Question: Which of the following options is a possible value for R?

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

- A. R = 2
- **B**. *R* = 7
- **C**. *R* = 12
- D. R = 17

Consider the transportation problem

1	4	5	7
9	9	1	1
9	1	2	2
3	3	4	

North-West corner rule generates starting solution of cost NW. Minimum Cost rule generates starting solution of cost MC.

- A. NW-MC = -1
- B. NW-MC = 0
- C. NW-MC = 1
- D. NW-MC = 2

We use the North-West corner rule to compute a starting solution for an  $m \times m$  assignment problem.

Let X denote the number of 0-entries in this solution. Let Y denote the number of 1-entries in this solution. Let Z denote the number of entries  $\geq 2$  in this solution.

- A. Then X = m and Y = m and Z > 0.
- B. Then X = m 1 and Y = m and Z = 0.
- C. Then X = m and Y = m 1 and Z = 0.
- D. Then X = m 1 and Y = m 1 and  $Z \neq 0$ .